

Exercise Sheet 3

Topic: Direct Dense Visual Motion Estimation

Submission deadline: Monday, 11.05.2015, 12:00 am

Hand-in via email to visnav15@vision.in.tum.de

General Notice

The exercises should be done in teams of two to three students. Each student in a team must be able to present the solution to the tutors during the exercise sessions on a lab PC in room 02.05.014. The presentations and solutions will be graded and will count for the final grade of the lab course. If you have not yet done so, please register yourself together with your team members on the team list in room 02.05.14.

We will use ROS Indigo on Ubuntu 14.04 in this lab course. It is already installed on the lab computers. If you want to use your own laptop, you will need to install these versions of Ubuntu and ROS. Please read the ROS and OpenCV documentation for further reference.

Introduction

The goal of this exercise is to acquire practical experience with a visual motion estimation method for RGB-D images using direct dense image alignment.

Exercise 1:

Download the code sample for this exercise provided on the course website:

- http://vision.in.tum.de/teaching/ss2015/visnav_ss2015/slides

To get you started, it contains a basic implementation for dense direct image alignment. You will have to implement methods within this code in this exercise.

Also use the following bag file in this exercise:

- https://vision.in.tum.de/rgbd/dataset/freiburg2/rgbd_dataset_freiburg2_desk.bag

- (a) Implement the gradient of the (photometric) residual using finite differencing (function `deriveNumeric`).

- (b) Implement the gradient of the (photometric) residual using analytic differentiation (function `deriveAnalytic`).
- (c) Compare your motion estimates for finite differencing and analytic differentiation with the ground truth using the `evaluate_rpe` and `evaluate_ate` tools of the RGB-D benchmark dataset. For the `evaluate_rpe` tool, use the unit of 'frames' and a fixed difference of 1 frame to calculate the relative poses. What is the RMSE error in RPE and ATE of your method? Plot the ground truth trajectory and your result using the `evaluate_ate` tool. Also plot the RPE per frame using the `evaluate_rpe` tool. Does the accuracy increase if you drop frames for the processing? Evaluate ATE and RPE for different number of frame drops (1,2,4,8,16,32).
- (d) Estimate the pose covariance for the non-linear least squares solution and visualize it using RViz. Compare the results for finite differencing and analytic differentiation visually and provide a numerical example.

Submission instructions

A complete submission consists both of a PDF file with the solutions/answers to the questions on the exercise sheet and a ZIP file containing the source code that you used to solve the given problems. Note all names of your team members in the PDF file. Make sure that your ZIP file contains all files necessary to compile and run your code, but it should not contain any build files or binaries. Please submit your solution via email to `visnav15@vision.in.tum.de`.