## SS 2016

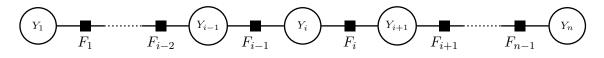
## Weekly Exercise 9

Dr. Csaba Domokos and Lingni Ma Technische Universität München, Computer Vision Group June 14, 2016 (submission deadline: June 21, 2016)

## **Probabilistic Inference**

## (8 Points)

**Exercise 1** (**Inference on chains**, 2 Points). Consider the following factor graph, which is a chain:



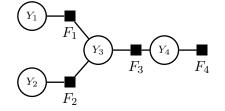
The joint distribution can be written in the form

$$p(\mathbf{y}) = \frac{1}{Z} \psi_{F_1}(y_1, y_2) \psi_{F_2}(y_2, y_3) \cdot \ldots \cdot \psi_{F_{n-1}}(y_{n-1}, y_n)$$

where  $Z = \sum_{\mathbf{y}} \prod_{i=1}^{n-1} \psi_{F_i}(y_i, y_{i+1})$  denotes the partition function. Show that the *marginal distribution*  $p(y_i)$  decomposes into the product of two factors:

$$p(y_i) = \frac{1}{Z} r_{F_{i-1} \to Y_i}(y_i) r_{F_i \to Y_i}(y_i) .$$

Exercise 2 (Sum-product and max-sum, 6 Points). Consider the following factor graph,



The potential functions are defined for  $k \in \{1, 2, 3\}$ 

$$\psi_{F_k}(y_i, y_j) = \exp\left(-(|y_i - y_j| + (c_k - y_i)^2)\right)$$
, where  $c_1 = 0, c_2 = 1, c_3 = 1$ , and  $\psi_{F_4}(y_4) = \exp(-(2 - y_4)^2)$ .

Assume  $Y_4$  as the root node and  $\mathbf{y} \in \mathcal{L}^4 = \{0, 1, 2\}^4$ .

- a) Perform the sum-product algorithm in order to achieve *probabilistic inference* of the model expressed by the graph above. Show the intermediate steps in details.
- b) Perform the max-sum algorithm to achieve *MAP inference* of the model expressed by the graph above. Show the intermediate steps in details.