## Probabilistic Graphical Models in Computer Vision

Lecture: Dr. Tao Wu Exercises: Yuesong Shen, Zhenzhang Ye

Summer Semester 2019

Computer Vision Group Institut für Informatik Technische Universität München

## Weekly Exercises 6

Room: 02.09.023 Wednesday, 26.06.2019, 12:15 - 14:00

## Sampling and MCMC (Due: 24.06) (8+4 Points)

**Exercise 1** (4 Points). Given a random number generator following the uniform distribution  $\mathcal{U}(0,1)$ . How to generate samples from distribution  $\mathcal{U}(a,b)$  for some a < b? Justify your answer.

**Exercise 2** (8 Points). Derive the polar form of Box-Muller method: Let  $(X_1, X_2) \sim \mathcal{N}(0, I_2)$ , let  $(Z_1, Z_2) \sim \frac{1}{\pi} \mathbf{1}\{z_1^2 + z_2^2 < 1\}$ ,

- 1) Let  $(T, \gamma)$  be the polar transform of  $(Z_1, Z_2)$ , show that we have  $T^2 \sim \mathcal{U}(0, 1)$ ,  $\gamma \sim \mathcal{U}(0, 2\pi)$  and that  $T, \gamma$  are independent;
- 2) Let  $(R, \theta)$  be the polar transform of  $(X_1, X_2)$ , show that we have  $R^2 \sim \exp(1/2)$ ,  $\theta \sim \mathcal{U}(0, 2\pi)$  and that  $R, \theta$  are independent;
- 3) Using 1) and 2), show that by setting  $R^2 = -2 \log T^2$ ,  $\theta = \gamma$ , R,  $\theta$  satisfy the required form in 2) and we can derive the following sample transformation:

$$x_i = z_i \sqrt{\frac{-2\log(z_1^2 + z_2^2)}{z_1^2 + z_2^2}}, i \in \{1, 2\}$$
(1)