Multiple View Geometry: Exercise Sheet 5



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1. The Lucas-Kanade method

The weighted Lucas-Kanade energy $E(\mathbf{v})$ is defined as

$$E(\mathbf{v}) = \int_{W(\mathbf{x})} G(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}') \left\| \nabla I(\mathbf{x}', t)^{\top} \mathbf{v} + \partial_t I(\mathbf{x}', t) \right\|^2 d\mathbf{x}'.$$

Assume that the weighting function G is chosen such that $G(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}') = 0$ for any $\mathbf{x}' \notin W(\mathbf{x})$. In the following, we note $I_t = \partial_t I$ and $(I_{x_1}, I_{x_2})^\top = \nabla I$.

(a) Prove that the minimizer $\hat{\bf v}$ of $E({\bf v})$ can be written as

$$\hat{\mathbf{v}} = -M^{-1}\mathbf{q}$$

where the entries of M and \mathbf{q} are given by

$$m_{ij} = G * (I_{x_i} \cdot I_{x_j})$$
 and $q_i = G * (I_{x_i} \cdot I_t)$

(b) Show that if the gradient direction is constant in $W(\mathbf{x})$, i.e. $\nabla I(\mathbf{x}',t) = \alpha(\mathbf{x}',t)\mathbf{u}$ for a scalar function α and a 2D vector \mathbf{u} , M is not invertible.

Explain how this observation is related to the aperture problem.

(c) Write down explicit expressions for the two components \hat{v}_1 and \hat{v}_2 of the minimizer in terms of m_{ij} and q_i .

Note: G*f denotes the convolution of a function $f:\mathbb{R}^2\to\mathbb{R}$ with a kernel $G:\mathbb{R}^2\to\mathbb{R}$ and is defined as

$$G * f = \int_{\mathbb{R}^2} G(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}') f(\mathbf{x}') d\mathbf{x}'.$$

2. The Reconstruction Problem

The bundle adjustment (re-)projection error for N points $X_1,...,X_N$ is

$$E(R, \mathbf{T}, \mathbf{X}_1, ..., \mathbf{X}_N) = \sum_{j=1}^{N} \left(\|\mathbf{x}_1^j - \pi(\mathbf{X}_j)\|^2 + \|\mathbf{x}_2^j - \pi(R\mathbf{X}_j + \mathbf{T})\|^2 \right)$$

- (a) What dimension does the space of unknown variables have if ...
 - ... R is restricted to a rotation about the camera's y-axis?
 - ... the camera is only rotated, not translated?
 - ... the points X_j are known to all lie on one plane?