



## Multiple View Geometry: Exercise Sheet 6

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Wednesdays 16:15–18:15 at Hörsaal 2, "Interims I"  
(5620.01.102), and on RBG Live

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1. The non-zero essential matrix  $E = \hat{T}R$  with  $T \in \mathbb{R}^3$  and  $R \in \text{SO}(3)$  has the singular value decomposition  $E = U\Sigma V^T$ . Let  $R_Z(\pm\frac{\pi}{2})$  be the rotation by  $\pm\frac{\pi}{2}$  around the  $z$ -axis.

According to the lecture (Chapter 5, Slide 9), there exist exactly two options for  $(\hat{T}, R)$ :

$$(\hat{T}_1, R_1) = \left( UR_Z\left(+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \Sigma U^T, \quad UR_Z\left(+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^T V^T \right) \quad (1)$$

$$(\hat{T}_2, R_2) = \left( UR_Z\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \Sigma U^T, \quad UR_Z\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^T V^T \right) \quad (2)$$

Show that by using (1) and (2), the following properties hold:

- (a)  $\hat{T}_1, \hat{T}_2 \in \text{so}(3)$  (i.e.  $\hat{T}_1, \hat{T}_2$  are skew-symmetric matrices)
  - (b)  $R_1, R_2 \in \text{SO}(3)$  (i.e.  $R_1, R_2$  are rotation matrices)
2. Consider the matrices  $E = \hat{T}R$  and  $H = R + Tu^T$  with  $R \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}$  and  $T, u \in \mathbb{R}^3$ . Show that the following holds:
- (a)  $E = \hat{T}H$
  - (b)  $H^T E + E^T H = 0$

3. Let  $F \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}$  be the fundamental matrix for the cameras  $C_1$  and  $C_2$ . Show that the following holds for the epipoles  $e_1$  and  $e_2$ :

$$Fe_1 = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad e_2^T F = 0$$