Variational Methods for Computer Vision: Exercise Sheet 6

Exercise: 02 December 2015

Part I: Theory

The following exercises should be **solved at home**. You do not have to hand in your solutions, however, writing it down will help you present your answer during the tutorials.

1. Let $L: X \to Y$ be a linear operator and X, Y be finite dimensional vector spaces with dim X = n and dim Y = m. Let $\{e_1, ..., e_n\}$ and $\{\tilde{e}_1, ..., \tilde{e}_m\}$ be the bases for X and respectively for Y. Show that the operator L can be represented by an $m \times n$ matrix M, hence:

$$L(u) = Mu, \quad \forall u \in X.$$

2. Calculate the Euler-Lagrange equation of the following energy functional

$$E(u) = \int_{\Omega} \frac{\lambda}{2} \left((k * u)(x) - f(x) \right)^2 + |\nabla u(x)| \, \mathrm{dx},$$

where $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^2$ represents the image domain, $u:\Omega \to \mathbb{R}$ denotes the optimization variable, $f:\Omega \to \mathbb{R}$ stands for the input image and $k:\Omega \to \mathbb{R}$ denotes a convolution kernel (not necessarily symmetrical).

Part II: Practical Exercises

This exercise is to be solved during the tutorial.

- 1. Finish the exercises from the previous sheet.
- 2. In the first theoretical exercise we showed that every linear operation on a finite dimensional space can be represented as a matrix vector multiplication. Since the convolution operation is linear its possible to represent it as such. Write a script that implements convolution with a Gaussian kernel as a sparse matrix-vector multiplication.

Matlab-Tutorials:

http://www.math.utah.edu/lab/ms/matlab/matlab.html
http://www.math.ufl.edu/help/matlab-tutorial/
http://www.glue.umd.edu/~nsw/ench250/matlab.htm