Convex Optimization for Machine Learning and Computer Vision

Lecture: Dr. Virginia Estellers Exercises: Emanuel Laude Winter Semester 2017/18 Computer Vision Group Institut für Informatik Technische Universität München

## Weekly Exercises 5

Room: 02.09.023 Friday, 02.12.2017, 09:15-11:00 Submission deadline theory: Monday, 27.11.2017, 10:15, Room 02.09.023 Submission deadline coding: Monday, 04.12.2017, 10:15, Room 02.09.023

## Theory: Fenchel Duality

(10+6 Points)

Exercise 1 (4 Points). Compute the convex conjugates of the following functions:

- 1.  $f_1: \mathbb{R}^{n \times m} \to \mathbb{R} \cup \{\infty\}$  where  $f_1(X) = ||X||_{2,\infty}$ .
- 2.  $f_2: \mathbb{R}^{n \times m} \to \mathbb{R} \cup \{\infty\}$  where  $f_2(X) = \delta_{\|\cdot\|_{2,1} \leq 1}(X)$ .

**Exercise 2** (8 Points). Let  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$  be a linear operator and  $f : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R} \cup \{\infty\}$  a convex function. Then  $Af : \mathbb{R}^m \to \mathbb{R} \cup \{\infty\}$  defined as

$$(Af)(u) := \begin{cases} \inf_{v \in \mathbb{R}^n, Av=u} f(v) & \text{if } \exists v \in \mathbb{R}^n \text{ s.t. } Av = u \\ \infty & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

is called the image of f under A.

- 1. Show that the convex conjugate  $(Af)^*$  of Af is given as  $f^* \circ A^\top$ where  $(f^* \circ A^\top)(v) := f^*(A^\top v)$ .
- 2. Name the properties that we require for  $A^{\top}f^* = (f \circ A)^*$  to hold. What theorem from the lecture applies here?
- 3. Give an example of a closed, convex and non-empty set C and a linear operator A s.t.  $AC := \{Ax : x \in C\}$  is not closed.
- 4. Let f be closed, (convex) and proper. Argue that Af does not need to be closed.

**Exercise 3** (4 Points). Let  $H : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R} \cup \{\infty\}$  and  $R : \mathbb{R}^m \to \mathbb{R} \cup \{\infty\}$  be proper, closed, convex functions and  $K \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$  a linear operator. Let there exist a  $u \in \operatorname{ri}(\operatorname{dom}(H))$  such that  $Ku \in \operatorname{ri}(\operatorname{dom}(R))$ . Let  $f(u) := H(u) + R(Ku) = \tilde{f}(Au)$ , where

$$A := \begin{pmatrix} I \\ K \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n+m \times n}, \quad \tilde{f}(u,d) := H(u) + R(d).$$

Prove Fenchel's Duality Theorem, i.e. show that

$$\inf_{u \in \mathbb{R}^n} H(u) + R(Ku) = \sup_{q \in \mathbb{R}^m} -H^*(-K^{\top}q) - R^*(q)$$

Hint: You can assume that the conditions above guarantee that  $A^{\top} \tilde{f}^*$  is closed proper and convex. Argue that  $\tilde{f}^*(u, d) = H^*(u) + R^*(d)$ . Which result from the lecture applies here? Begin your computation with

$$\inf_{u\in\mathbb{R}^n} f(u) = -\sup_{u\in\mathbb{R}^n} \langle u, 0\rangle - f(u) = -f^*(0)\dots$$

## Programming: Denoising with Duality (Due on 04.12.2017) (12 Points)

**Exercise 4** (12 Points). Denoise the noisy input image f, given in the file noisy\_input.png by solving the dual problem of:

$$\min_{u} \frac{1}{2} \|u - f\|^2 + \alpha \|Du\|_{2,1}$$

with projected gradient descent. For details of the derivation of the dual problem cf. the lecture.