Convex Optimization for Machine Learning and Computer Vision

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Weekly Exercises 4

Room: 01.09.014

Wednesday, 21.11.2018, 12:15-14:00

Submission deadline: Monday, 19.11.2018, 16:15, Room 01.09.014

Convex conjugate

(14+6 Points)

Exercise 1 (4 points). Let $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ be orthonormal, meaning that $A^{\top}A = AA^{\top} = I$. Let the convex set C be given as

$$C := \{ u \in \mathbb{R}^n : ||Au||_{\infty} \le 1 \}.$$

Compute a formula for the projection onto C given as

$$\Pi_C(v) := \operatorname{argmin}_{u \in \mathbb{R}^n} \frac{1}{2} ||u - v||_2^2, \quad \text{s.t. } u \in C.$$

Hint: Show that the ℓ_2 -norm of a vector is invariant under a multiplication with an orthonormal matrix A, meaning that $||u||_2 = ||Au||_2$.

Exercise 2 (6 points). Assume $J: \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$, compute the convex conjugate of following functions:

- $J(u) = \frac{1}{q}||u||_q^q = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{q}|u_i|^q, q \in [1, +\infty].$
- $J(u) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} u_i \log u_i + \delta_{\triangle^{n-1}}(u)$.
- $J(u) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \|u\|_2^2, & \|u\|_2 \le \epsilon \\ +\infty, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Exercise 3 (4 points). Assume $J: \mathbb{E} \to \mathbb{R}$, prove following facts of convex conjugate:

- $\tilde{J}(\cdot) = \alpha J(\cdot) \Rightarrow \tilde{J}^*(\cdot) = \alpha J^*(\cdot/\alpha), \ \alpha > 0.$
- $\tilde{J}(\cdot) = J(\cdot z) \Rightarrow \tilde{J}^*(\cdot) = J^*(\cdot) + \langle \cdot, z \rangle$.

Exercise 4 (6 points). Show that projection onto a convex set is Lipschitz continuous with constant equals 1, i.e.

$$||\Pi_C(u) - \Pi_C(v)|| \le ||u - v||, \ \forall u, v \in \mathbb{E}$$

where C is a convex set.