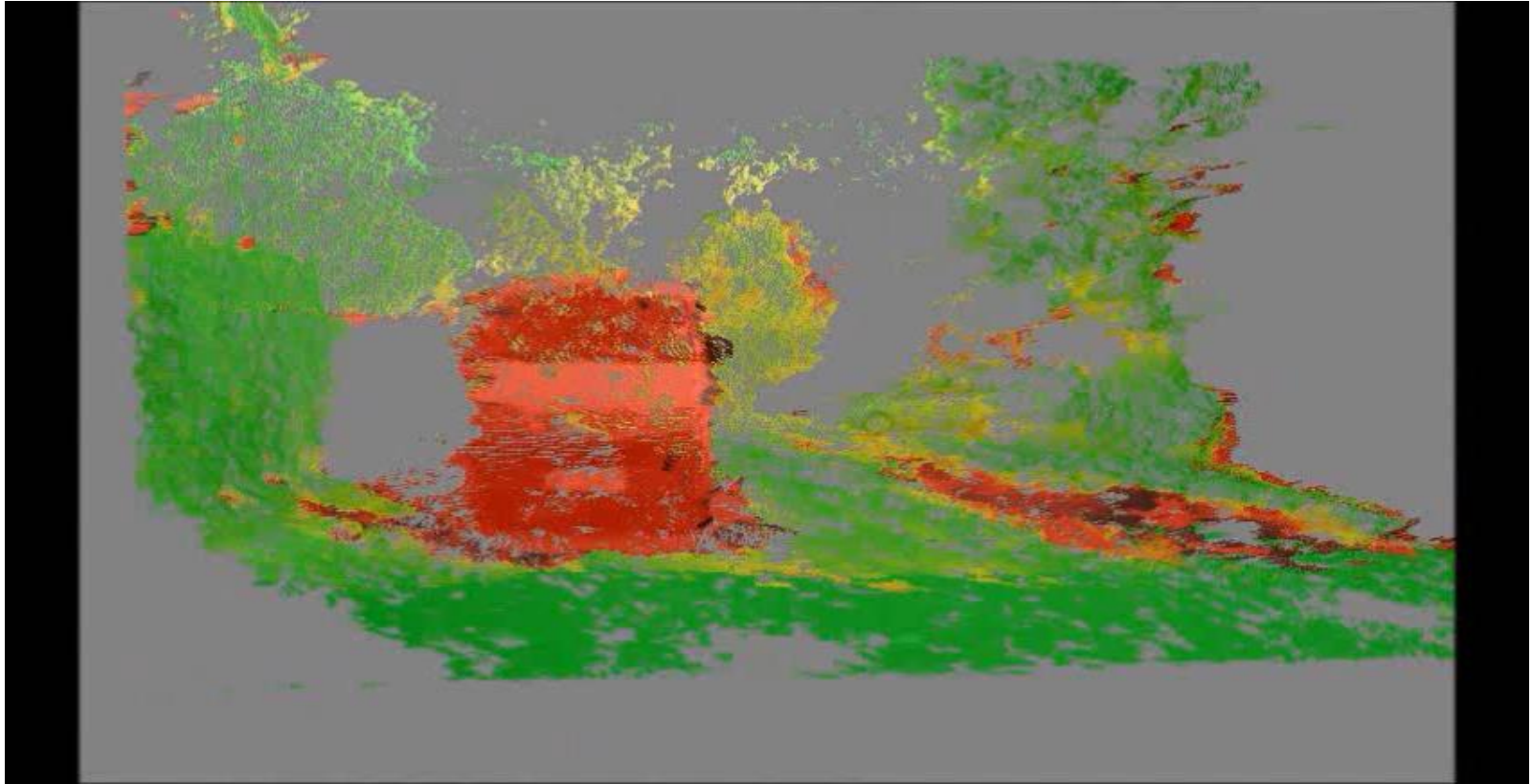


# Introduction to Deep Learning

# AI for Driver Assistance

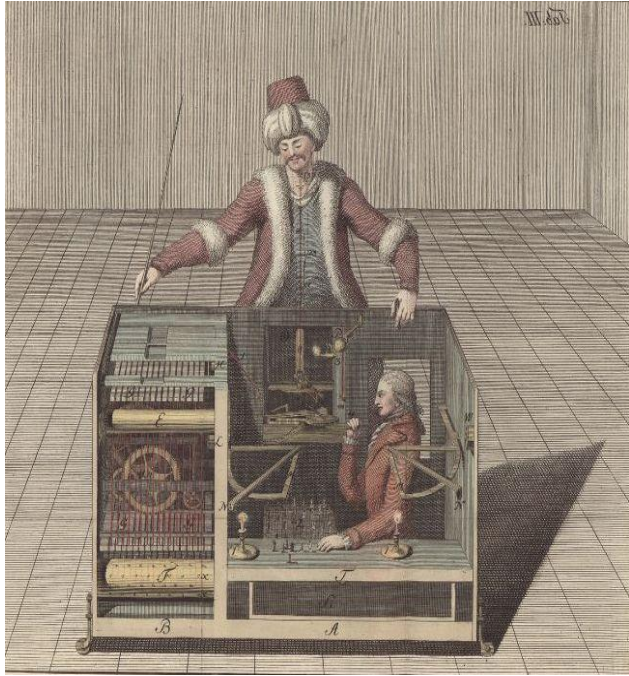


# AI for Driver Assistance



*Wedel et al. ECCV '08, Wedel, Cremers, Springer 2011*

# Artificial Intelligence: Chess & Go?



“mechanical turk” (1770)  
Wolfgang von Kempelen



Deep Blue (1996)

126 mio configurations per seconds



AlphaGo (2016)

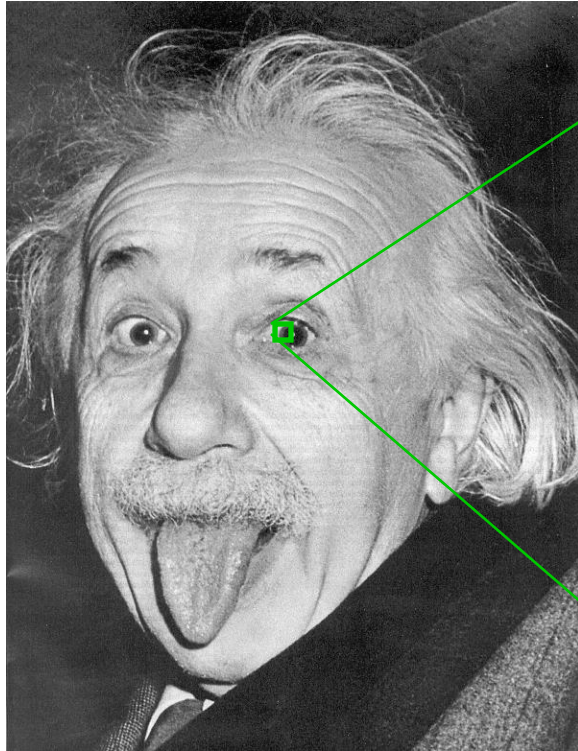
# Artificial Intelligence & Computer Vision



German Museum, Munich 2024

Introduction to Deep Learning

# Artificial Intelligence & Computer Vision



# Artificial Intelligence & Computer Vision

⋮

104	85	82	96	106	102	137	156	160	182	190	206	216	222	221	212
105	115	122	139	161	172	171	198	216	208	223	219	220	229	241	229
123	144	156	174	204	200	213	209	213	231	233	234	225	229	226	203
173	162	205	203	216	215	234	224	223	229	224	224	220	190	181	167
187	196	221	214	208	218	227	224	223	212	223	215	197	194	145	110
205	205	225	185	209	208	215	215	216	216	225	190	177	119	98	100
214	215	215	188	227	213	217	227	214	201	207	149	99	98	85	85
202	215	221	206	205	220	220	227	215	197	174	108	75	108	83	79
198	205	208	216	208	216	215	204	208	175	125	88	85	88	77	52
205	197	204	211	214	209	208	202	193	144	123	92	83	81	59	38
208	209	215	231	211	201	203	197	175	127	102	109	86	78	44	38
204	222	217	207	223	219	210	184	169	108	106	103	94	67	45	43
197	213	220	221	227	224	198	195	153	107	99	81	100	78	51	47
198	205	218	207	213	223	204	192	132	97	107	91	76	48	42	27

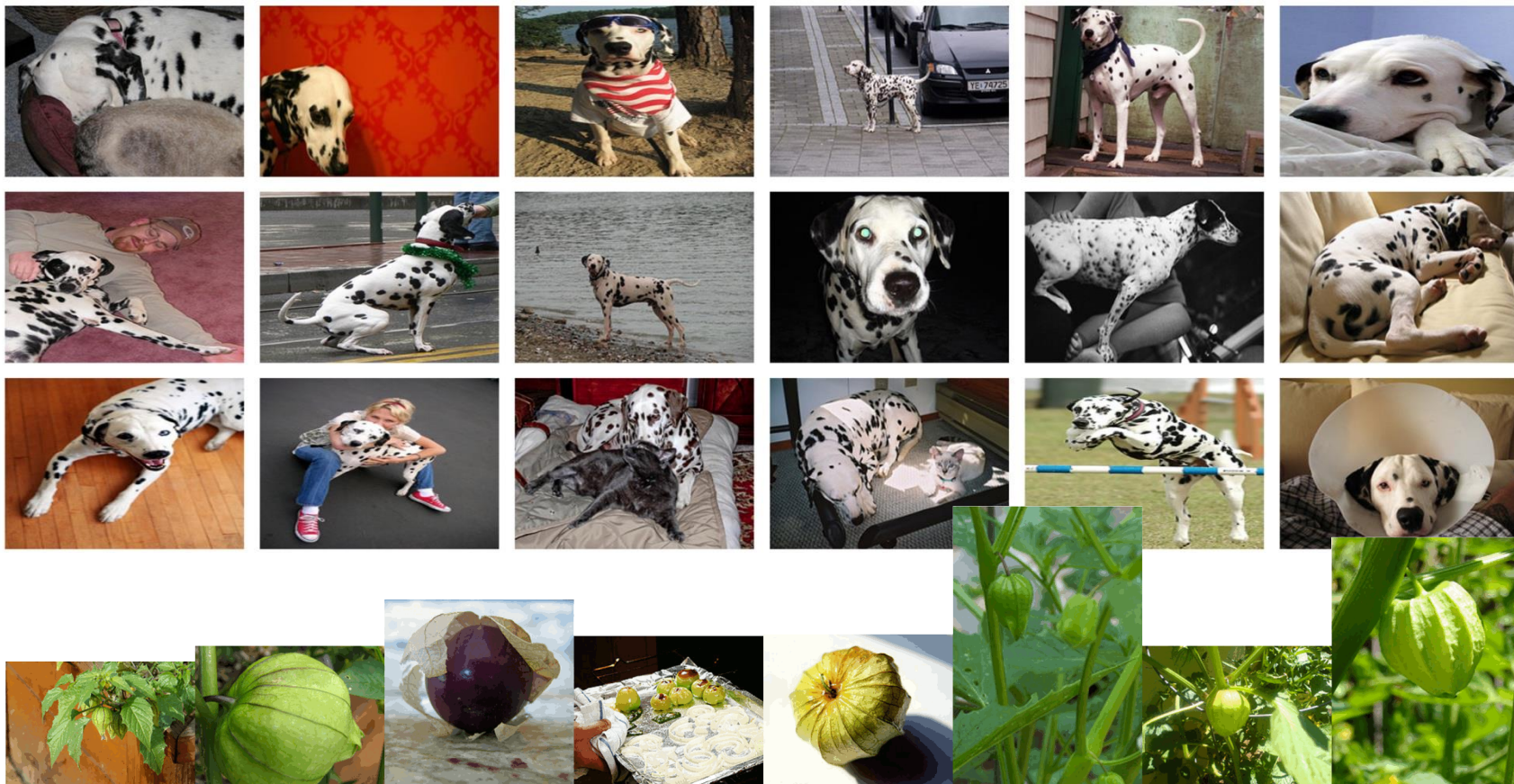
⋮

⋮

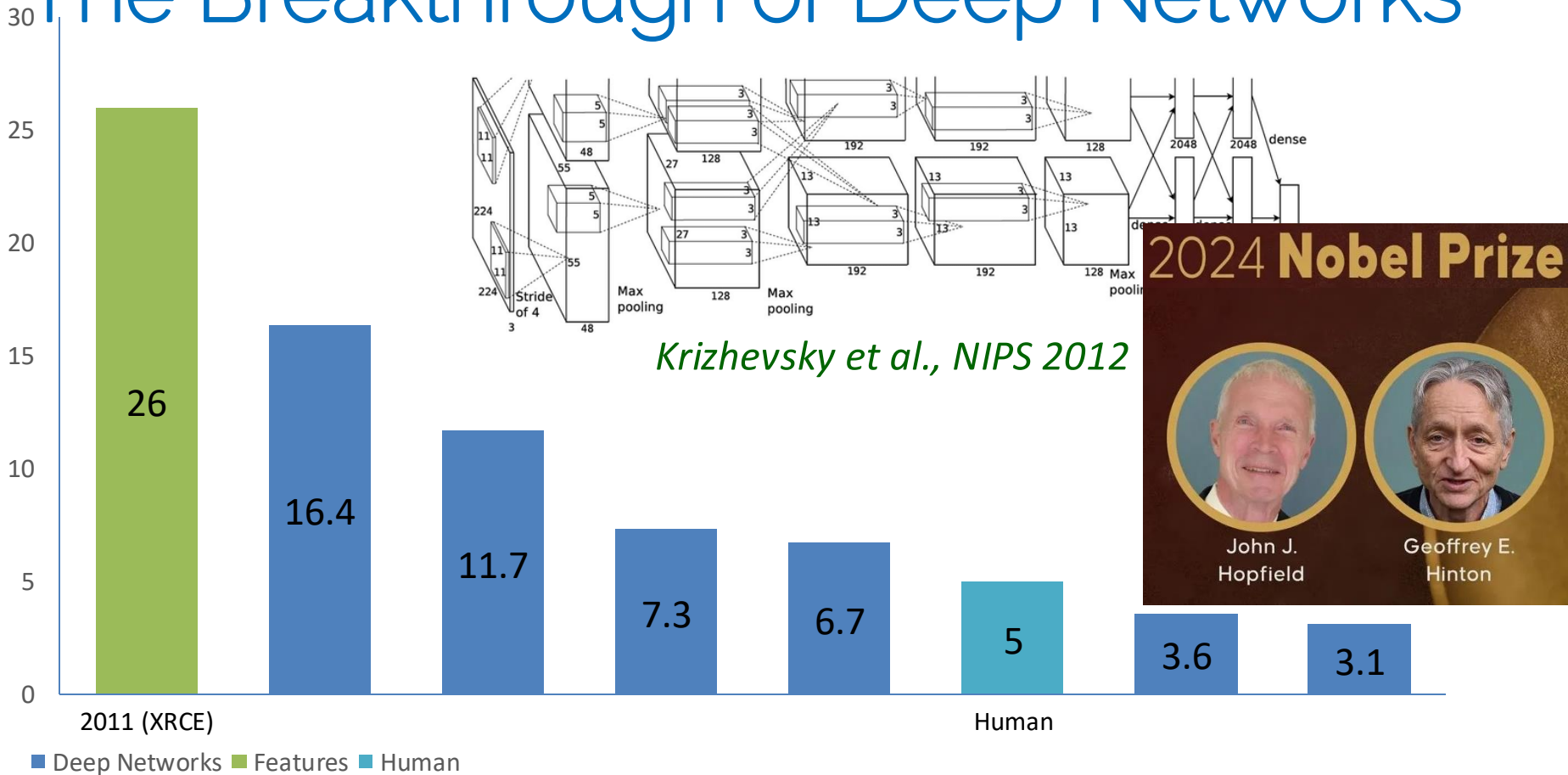


Einstein?

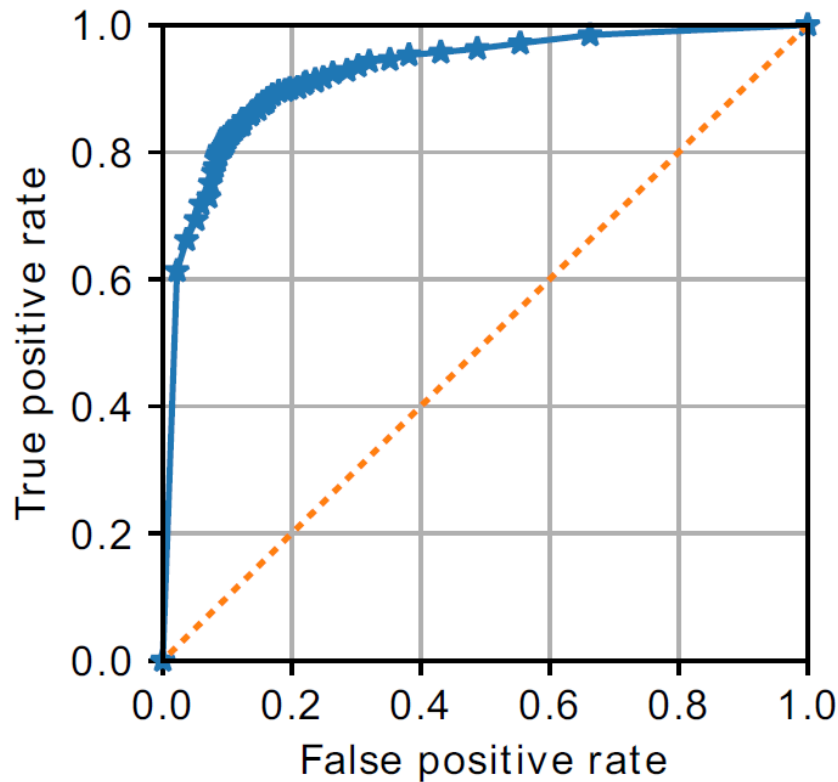
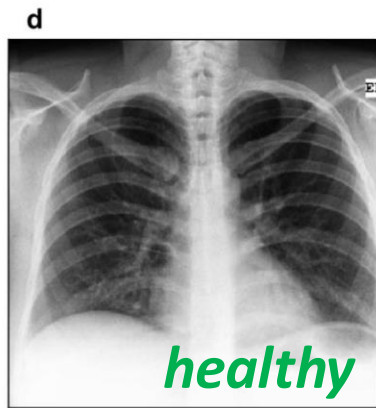
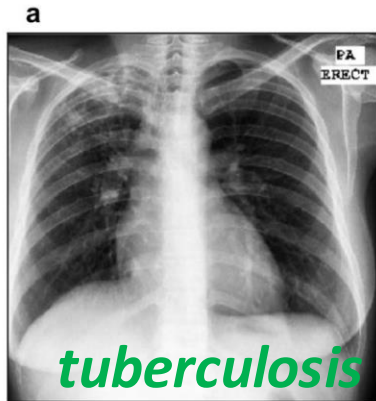
# ImageNet: Objects in 14 Mio Images



# The Breakthrough of Deep Networks



# Deep Nets for Tuberculosis Screening



*Pasa et al., "Efficient Deep Nets for X-Ray Tuberculosis Screening", Sci. Rep. 2019*

# Deep Nets for Protein Prediction

VLSEGEWQLVLHVWAKVEADVAGH  
GQDILIRLFKSHPETLEKFDRFKH  
LKTEAEMKASEDLKKHGVTVLTAL  
GAILKKKGHHAELEKPLAQSHATK  
HKIPIKYLEFISEAIIHVLHSRHP  
GDFGADAQGAMNKALELFRKDIAA  
KYKELGY (Homo sapiens)

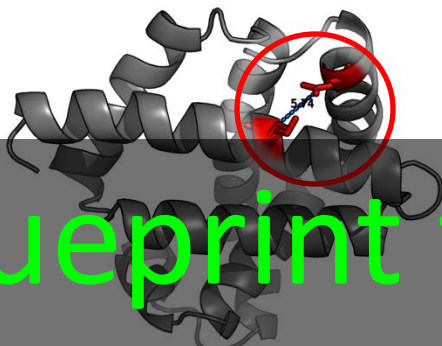
HMM

VLSEGEWQLVLHVWAKVEADVAGH  
MGLSDGEWQLVLNVWGKVEADIPGFKH  
MGLSDGEWQLVLNVWGKVEADLAGFKHTAL  
HGQDVLIRLFKGHPEPETLEKFDFKFKL  
HLKTEADMKASEDLKKHGNTVITAFATLP  
LGAILKKKGHHDAELKPLAQSHATSKHIAA  
KHKIPIKYLEFISEAIIHVLHSRHMA  
PAEFGADAQGAMNKALELFRKDIAA  
AKYKEL (Bottlenose dolphin)

Homologous sequences



Blueprint for  
Google AlphaFold  
(Nobel Prize 2024)

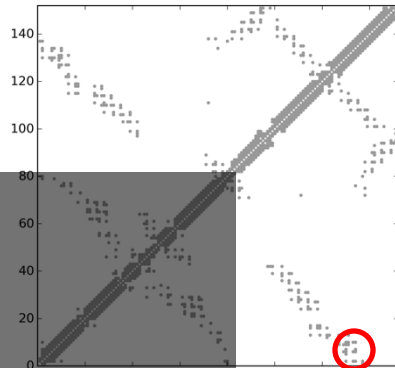


3D structure



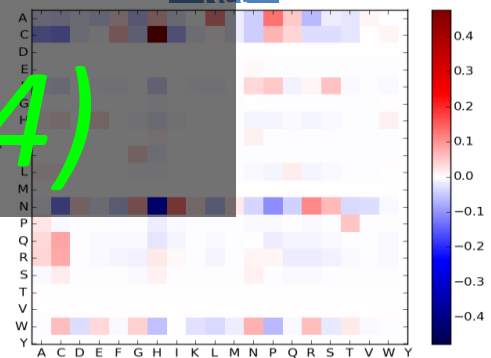
Pairwise variants  
of mutations

constraint



Contact map

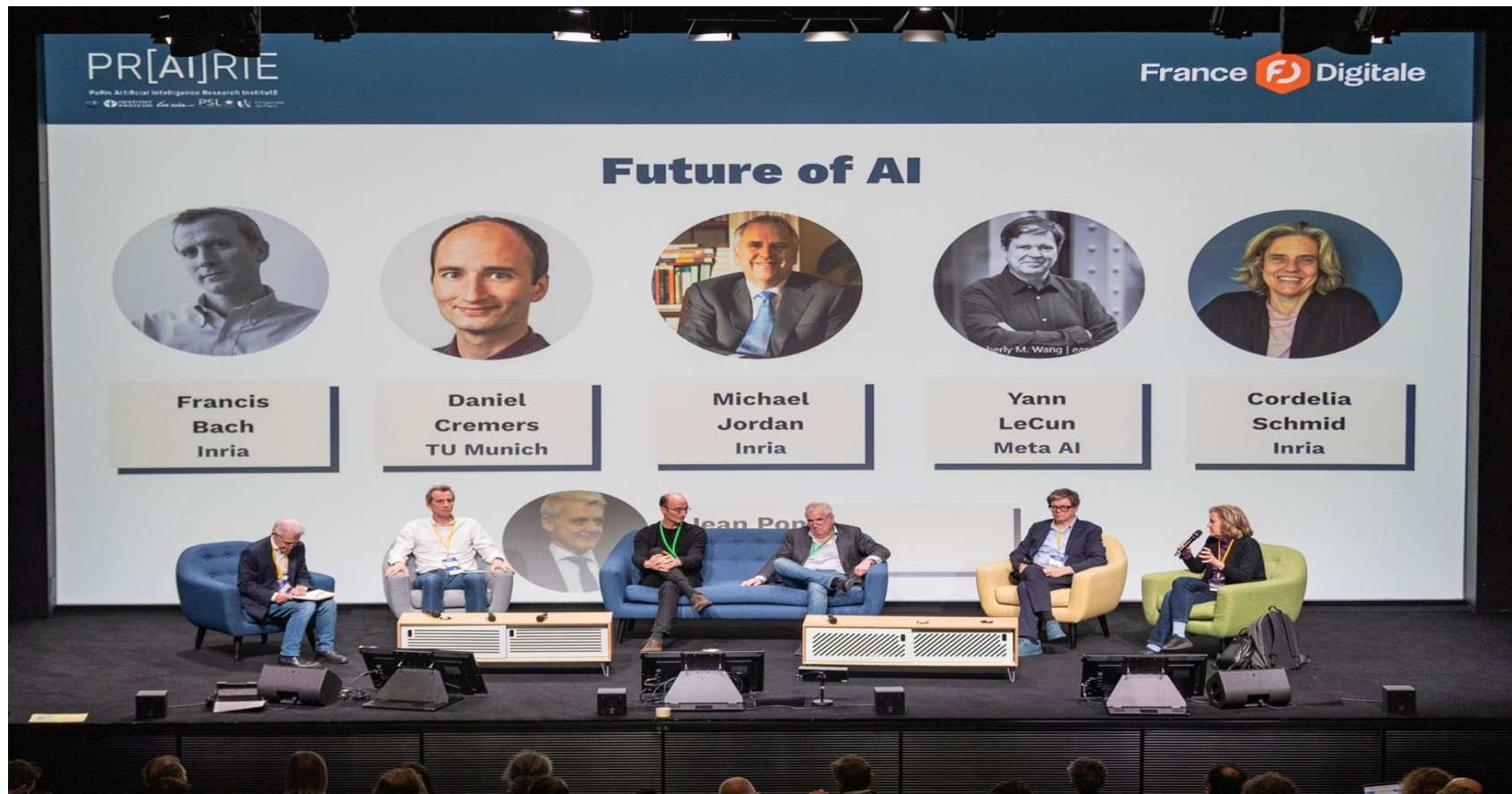
Conv  
Net



Co-evolution statistics

Golkov,...,Cremers, "Protein Contact Map Prediction with Deep Networks", NeurIPS 2016.

# AI Panel, Paris, April 5, 2024



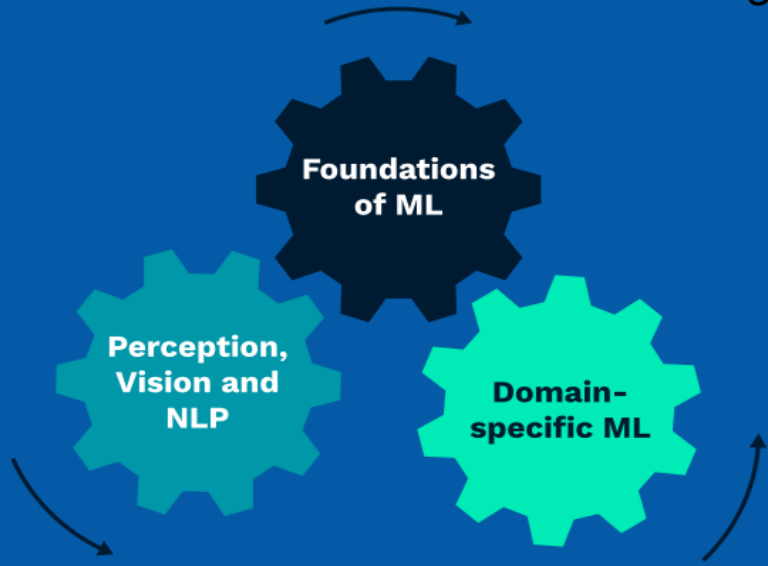
# European & National Engagements



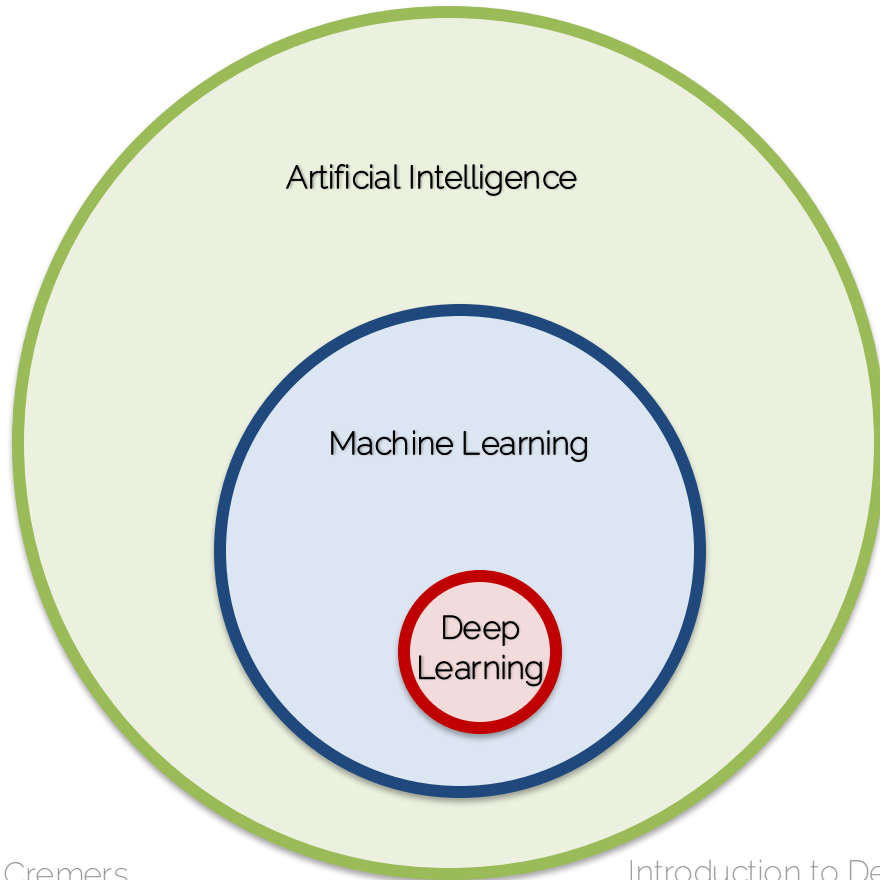
Munich Unit of the  
European Lab for Learning  
and Intelligent Systems (ELLIS)



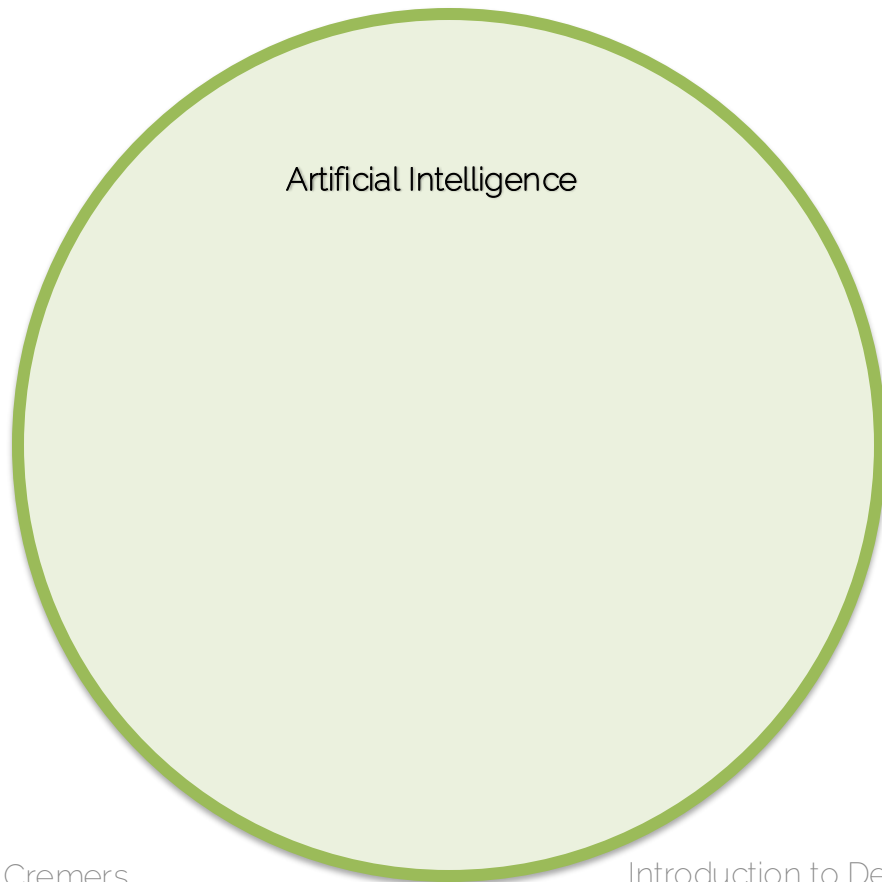
Munich Center for Machine Learning



# What is this Lecture about?

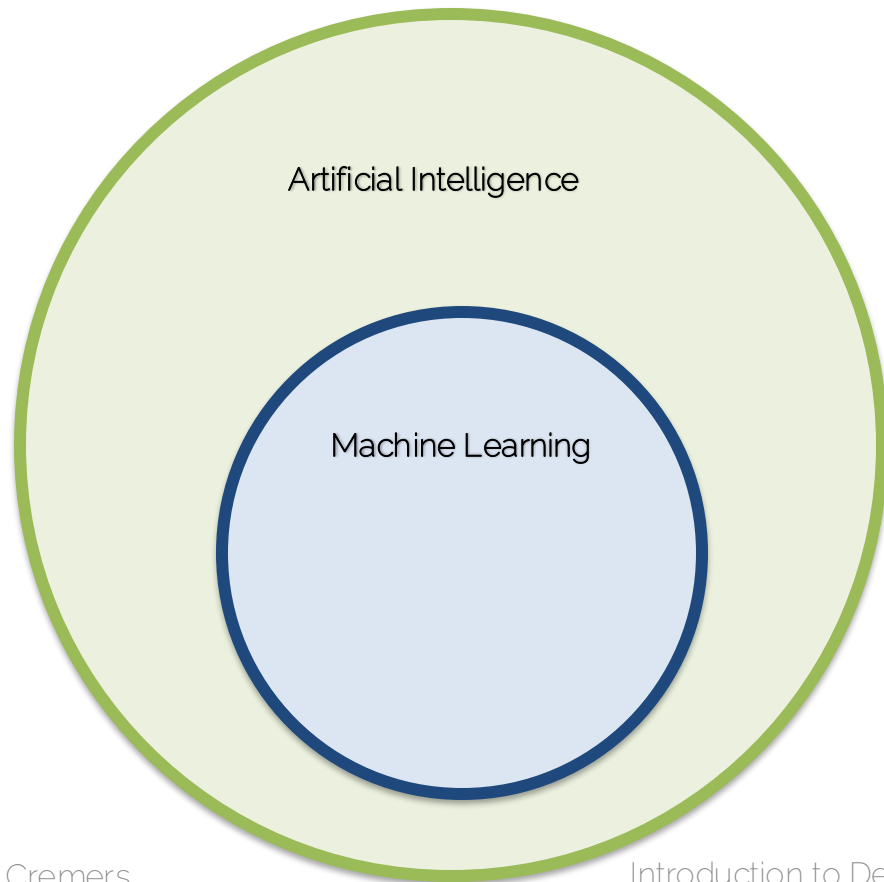


# What is this Lecture about?



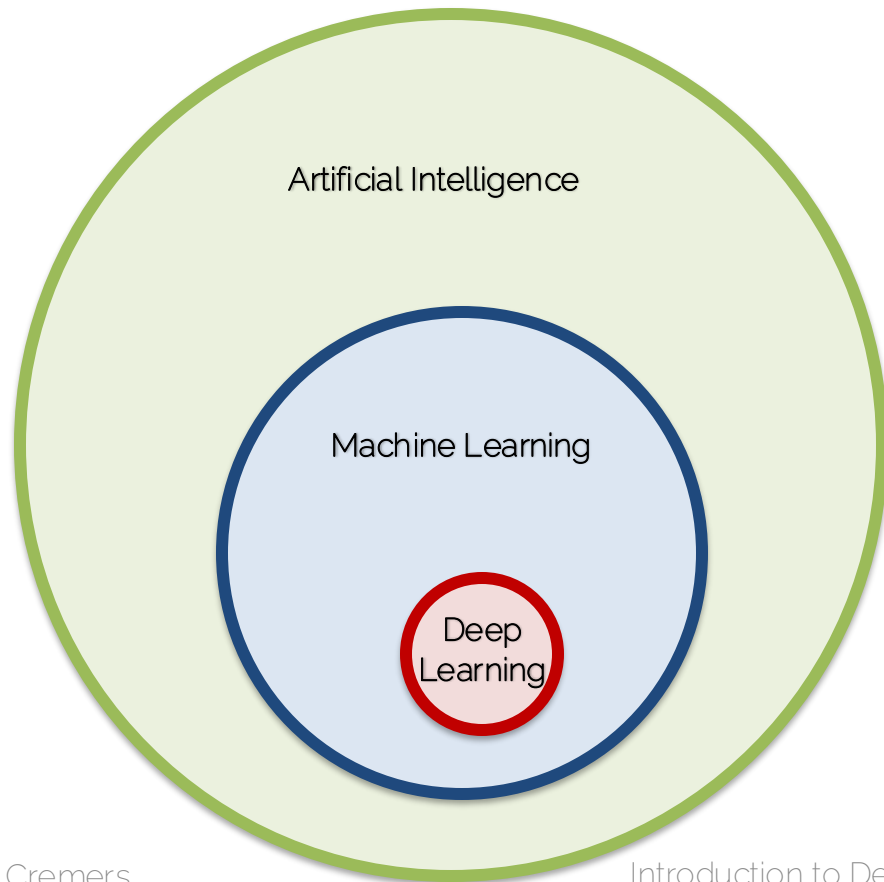
- AI Methods
  - Broad definition!
    - “if” statements”  
*if (cold)*  
*turn\_up\_heat();*
    - Binary Search
    - Dijkstra, A\*, ...
    - Prime, Kurskal, ...
    - Logic algorithms, etc.
  - ...

# What is this Lecture about?



- ML Methods
  - Linear/logistic regression
  - Support Vector Machines
  - Random Decision Trees, Forests, Jungles, ...
  - ...

# What is this Lecture about?



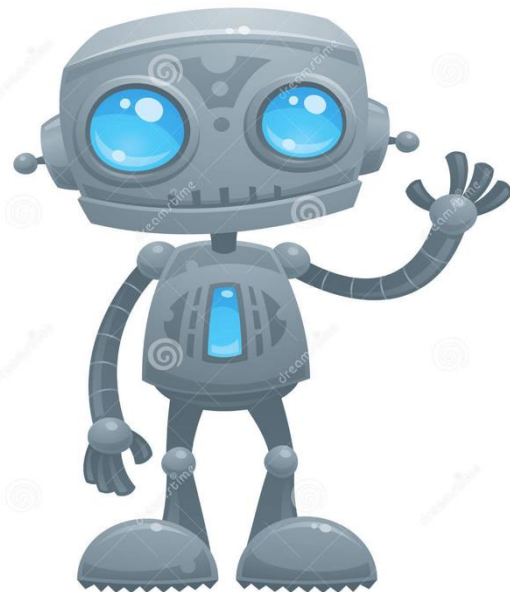
- Deep Learning
  - ML-methods leveraging neural networks
    - Multi-layer perceptrons
    - Convolutional neural networks
    - Recurrent neural networks
    - Transformers
    - Generative models, etc...

# Application Areas

- Computer Vision
  - Medical Imaging
  - Robotics
  - Natural Language Processing (NLP)
  - Computer Graphics
- + many more 😊

# What is Computer Vision?

- First defined in the 60s in artificial intelligence groups
- “Mimic the human visual system”
- Center block of robotic intelligence



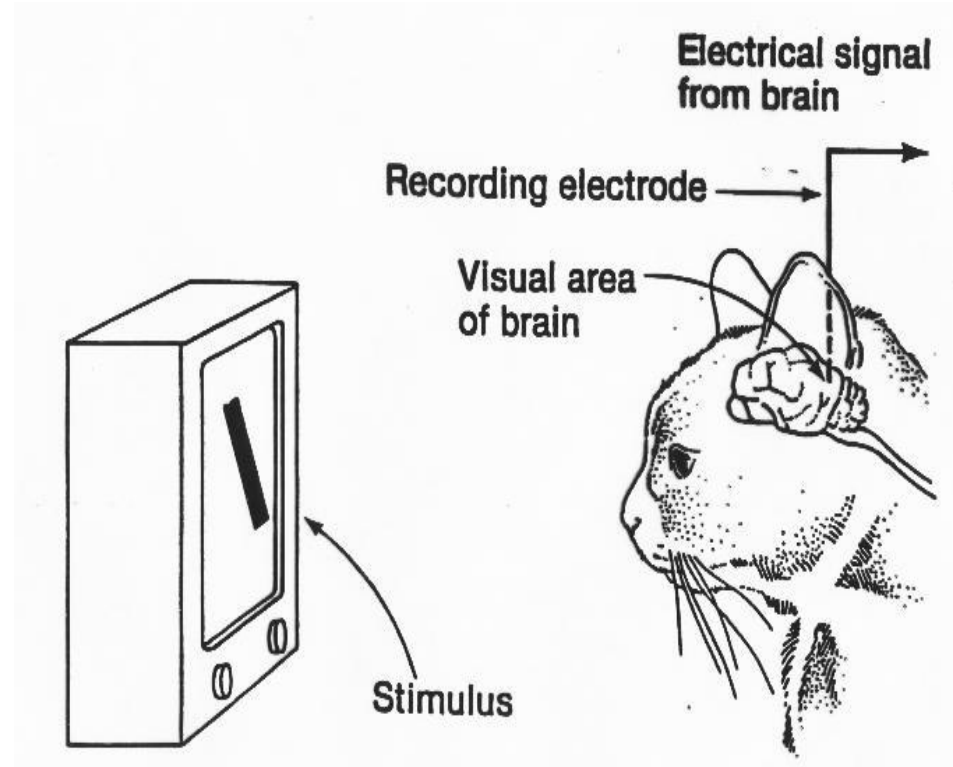
# Hubel and Wiesel

- David Hubel and Torsten Wiesel were neurobiologists from Harvard Medical School
- Experiment revealed insights into the primate visual system
- Nobel prize 1981



# Hubel and Wiesel Experiment

- Recorded electrical activity from individual neurons in the brains of cats.
- Slide projector to show specific patterns to the cats noted specific patterns stimulated activity in specific parts of the brain.
- Results: Visual cortex cells are sensitive to the orientation of edges but insensitive to their position



Artificial Intelligence Group  
Vision Memo. No. 100.

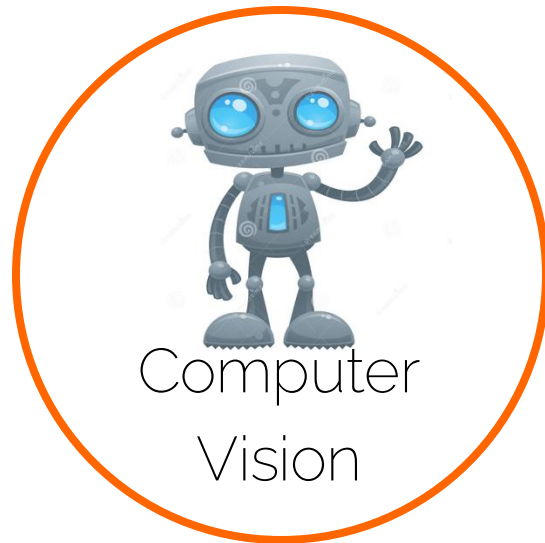
July 7, 1966

THE SUMMER VISION PROJECT

Seymour Papert

The summer vision project is an attempt to use our summer workers effectively in the construction of a significant part of a visual system. The particular task was chosen partly because it can be segmented into sub-problems which will allow individuals to work independently and yet participate in the construction of a system complex enough to be a real landmark in the development of "pattern recognition".

# A Few Decades Later...



Engineering

Mathematics

Computer  
science

Robotics

Artificial  
Intelligence  
ML

NLP  
Speech

Algorithms  
Optimization

Optics  
Image  
processing

Computer  
Vision

Neuroscience

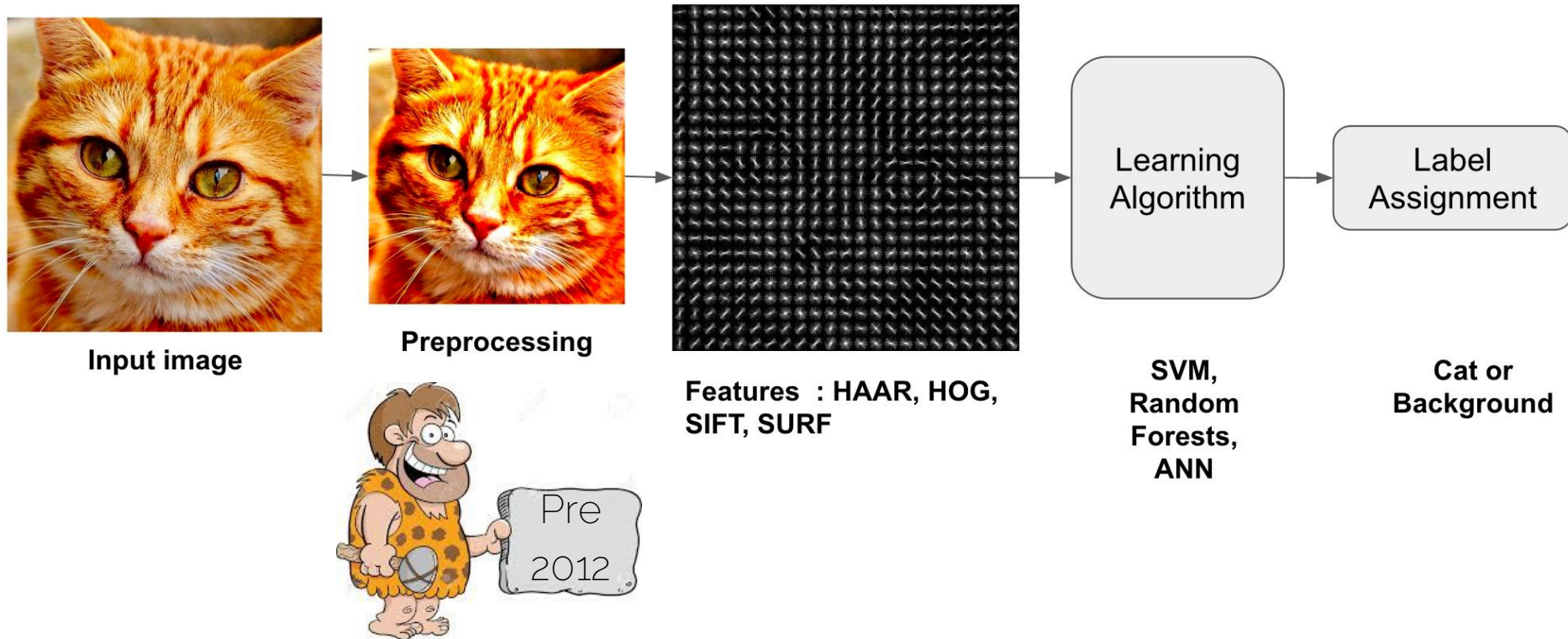
Physics

Biology

Psychology



# Image Classification



# Image Classification



Input image



Awesome  
magic box



Label  
Assignment

Cat or  
Background



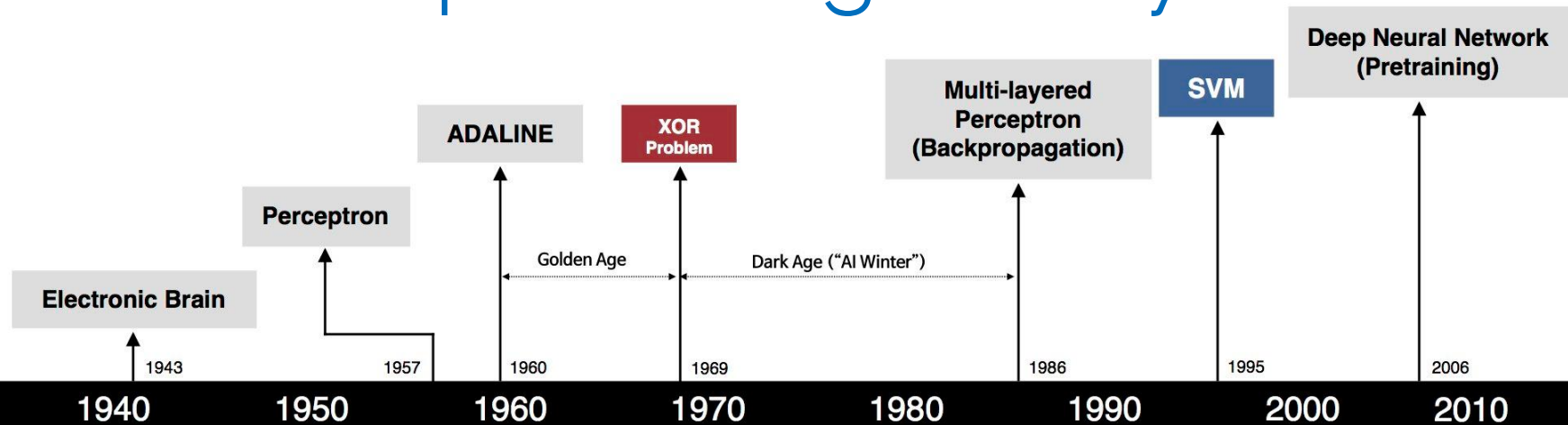
Open the box



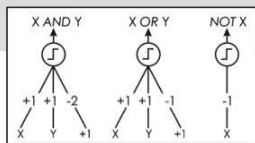
Become magicians

Post 2012

# Deep Learning History



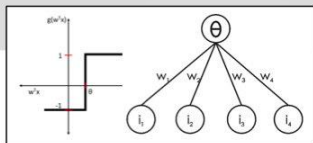
S. McCulloch – W. Pitts



- Adjustable Weights
- Weights are not Learned



F. Rosenblatt



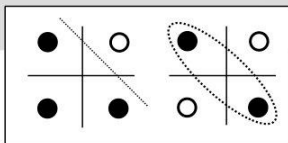
- Learnable Weights and Threshold



B. Widrow – M. Hoff



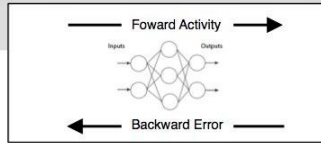
M. Minsky – S. Papert



- XOR Problem



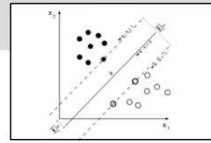
D. Rumelhart – G. Hinton – R. Williams



- Solution to nonlinearly separable problems
- Big computation, local optima and overfitting



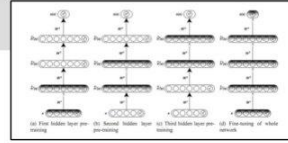
V. Vapnik – C. Cortes



- Limitations of learning prior knowledge
- Kernel function: Human Intervention

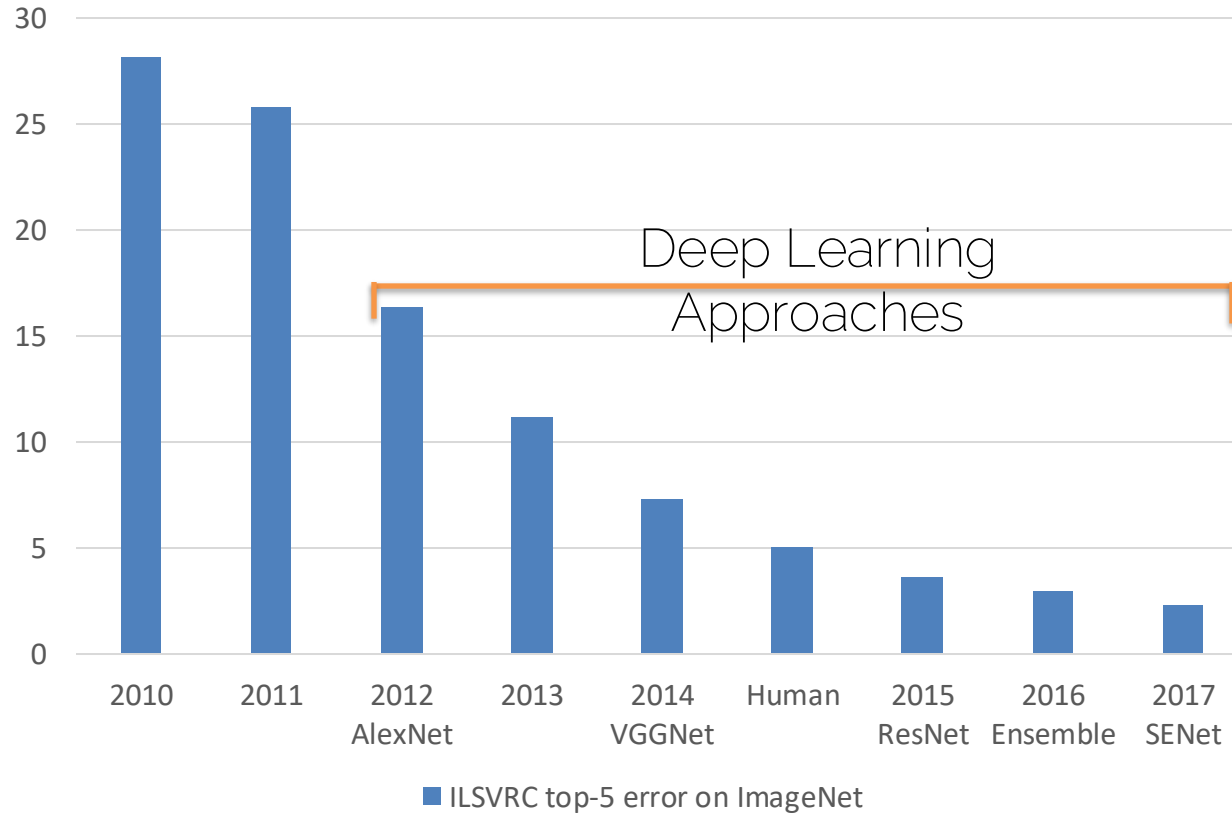


G. Hinton – S. Ruslan



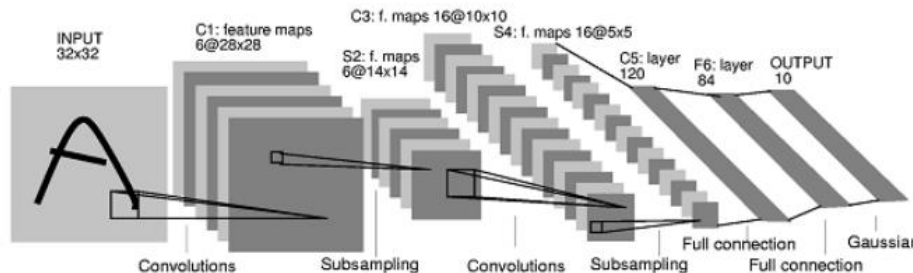
- Hierarchical feature Learning

# The Empire strikes Back



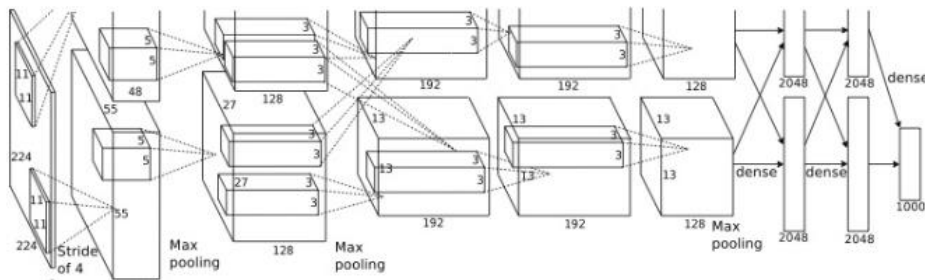
# What has Changed?

1998  
LeCun  
et al.



- MNIST digit recognition dataset
- $10^7$  pixels used in training

2012  
Krizhevsky  
et al.



- ImageNet image recognition dataset
- $10^{14}$  pixels used in training

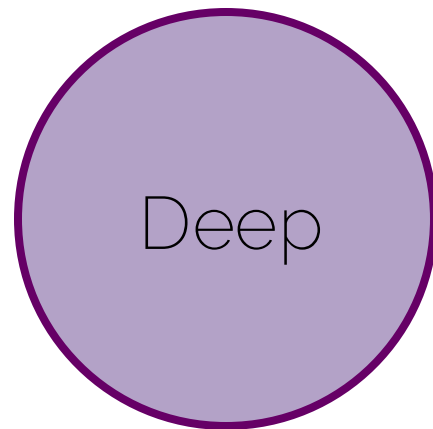
# What Made this Possible?



Models know where  
to learn from

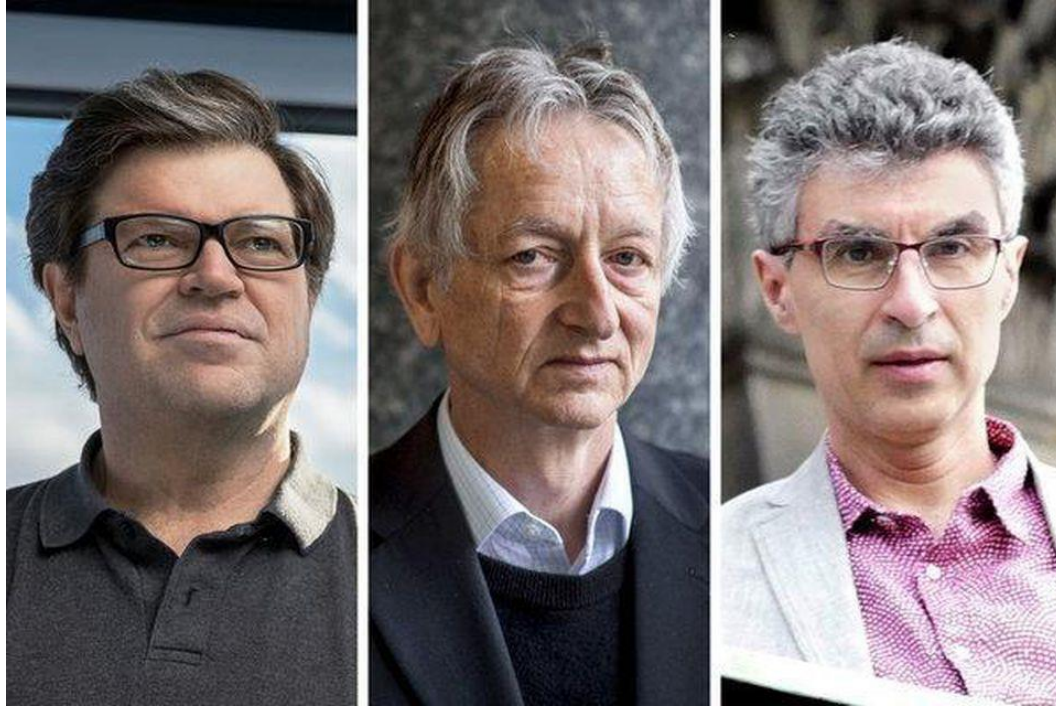


Models are  
trainable



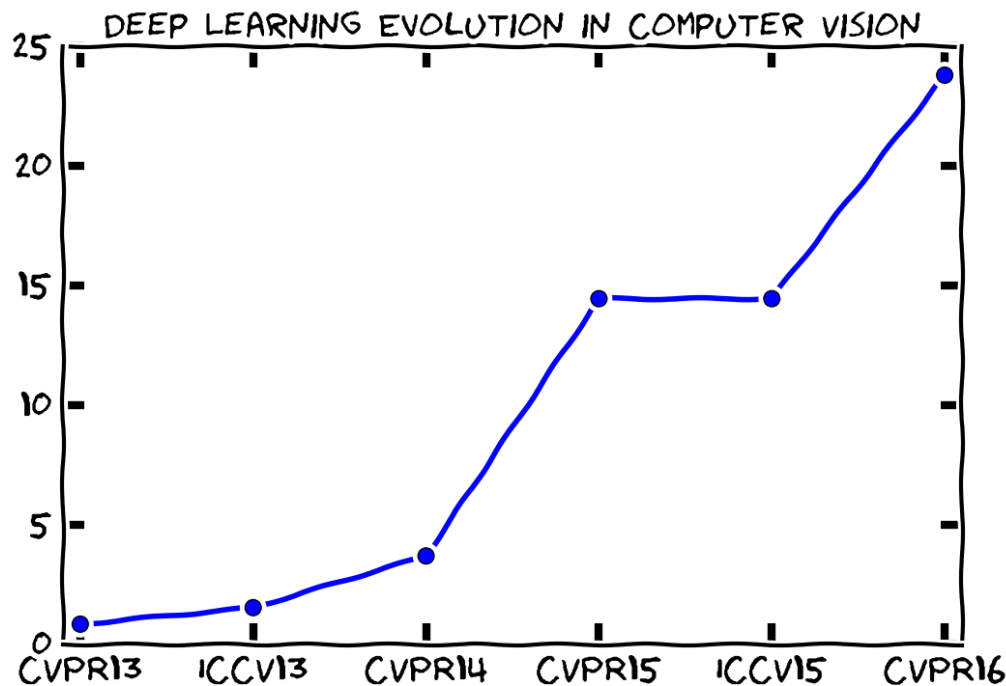
Models are  
complex

# Deep Learning Recognition



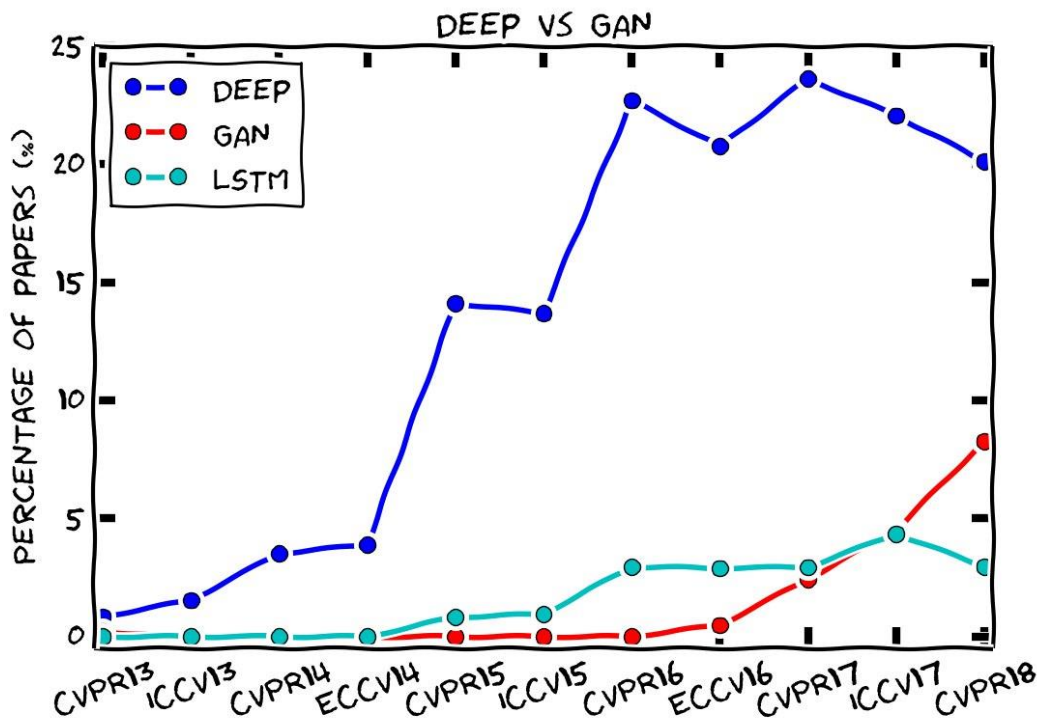
ACM Turing Award 2019 (Nobel Prize of Computing)  
Yann LeCun, Geoffrey Hinton, and Yoshua Bengio

# Deep Learning and Computer Vision



Credits: Dr. Pont-Tuset, ETH Zurich

# Deep Learning and Computer Vision



Credits: Dr. Pont-Tuset, ETH Zurich

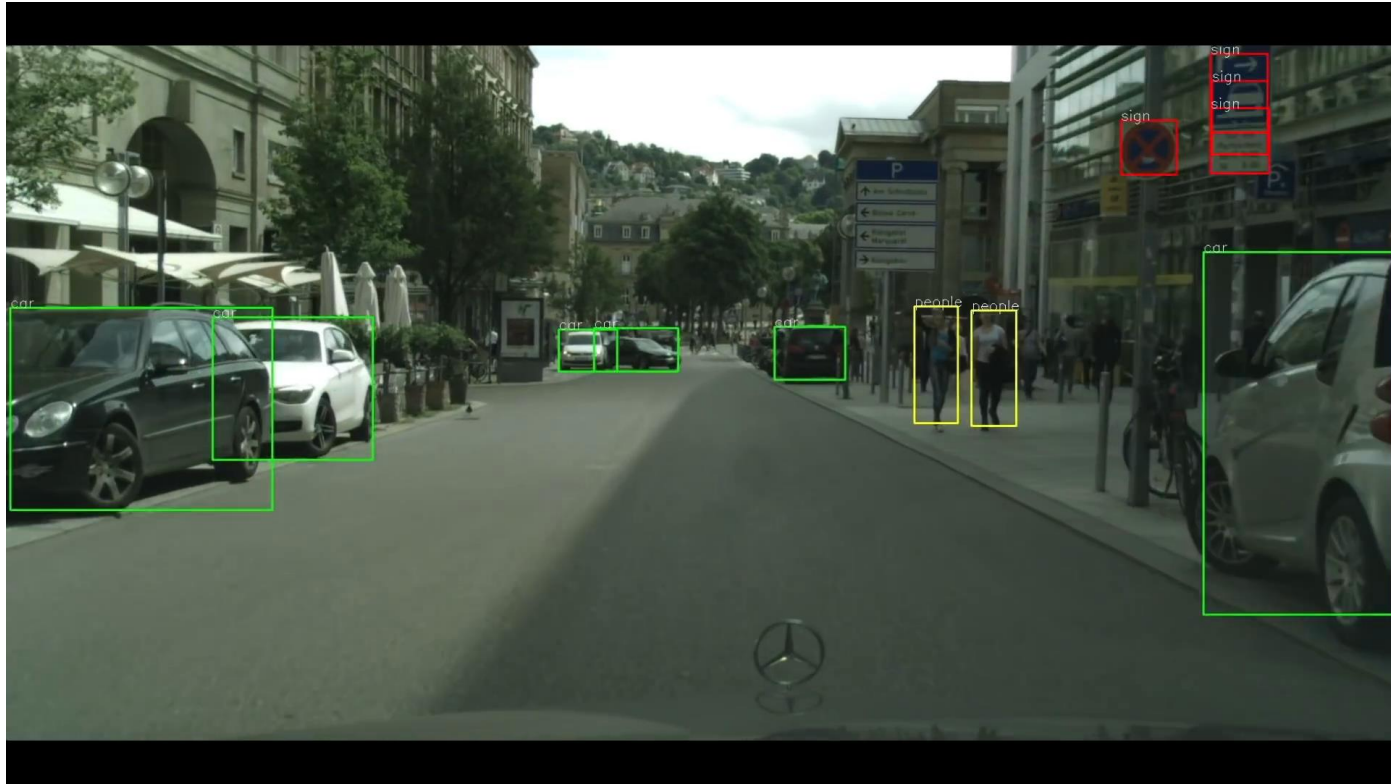
# Deep Learning Today



## Object Detection

Introduction to Deep Learning

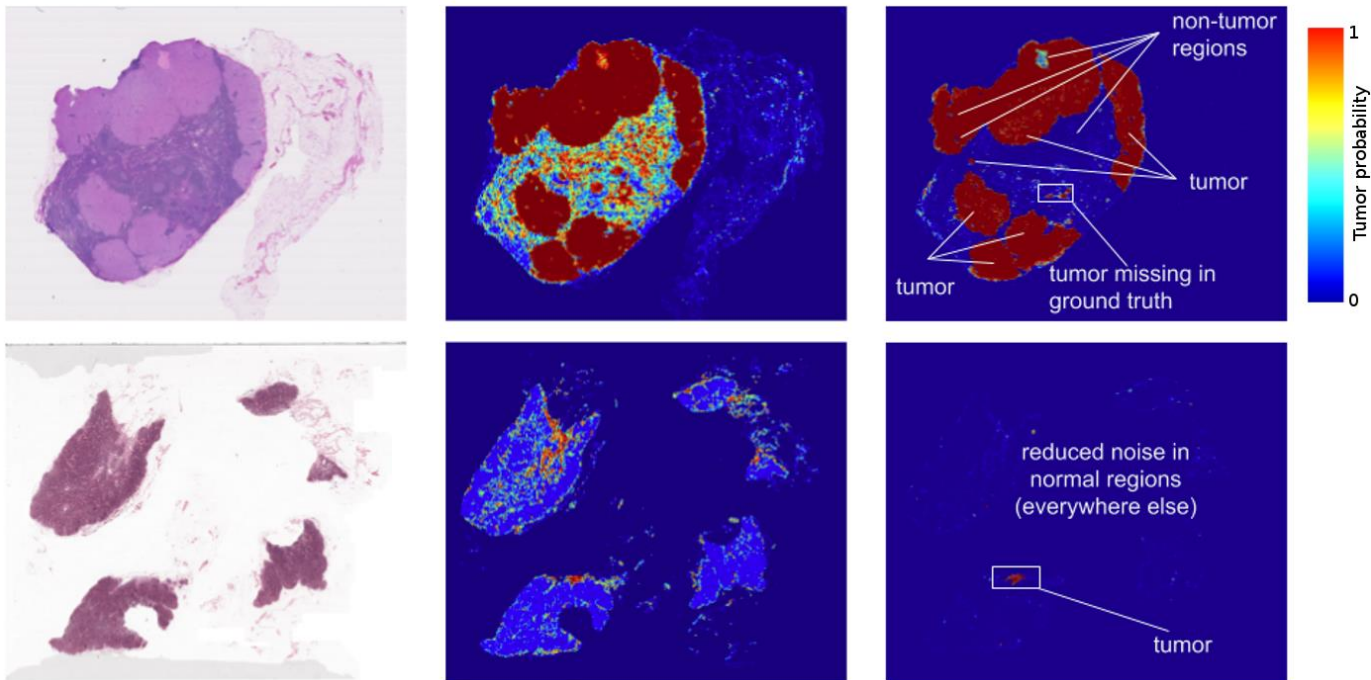
# Deep Learning Today



Self-driving cars

Introduction to Deep Learning

# Deep Learning Today



Healthcare, cancer detection

# Deep Learning Today

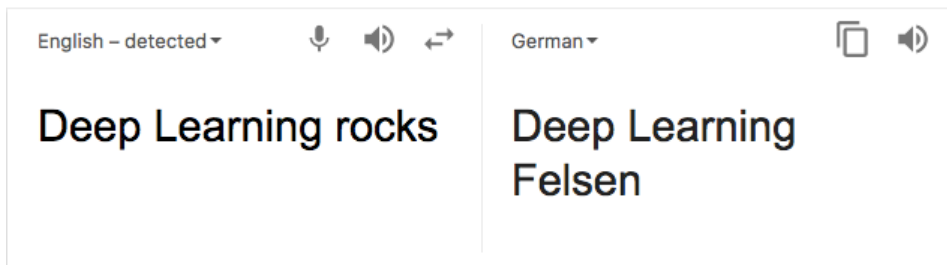


AlphaGo

ever punch a cactus?

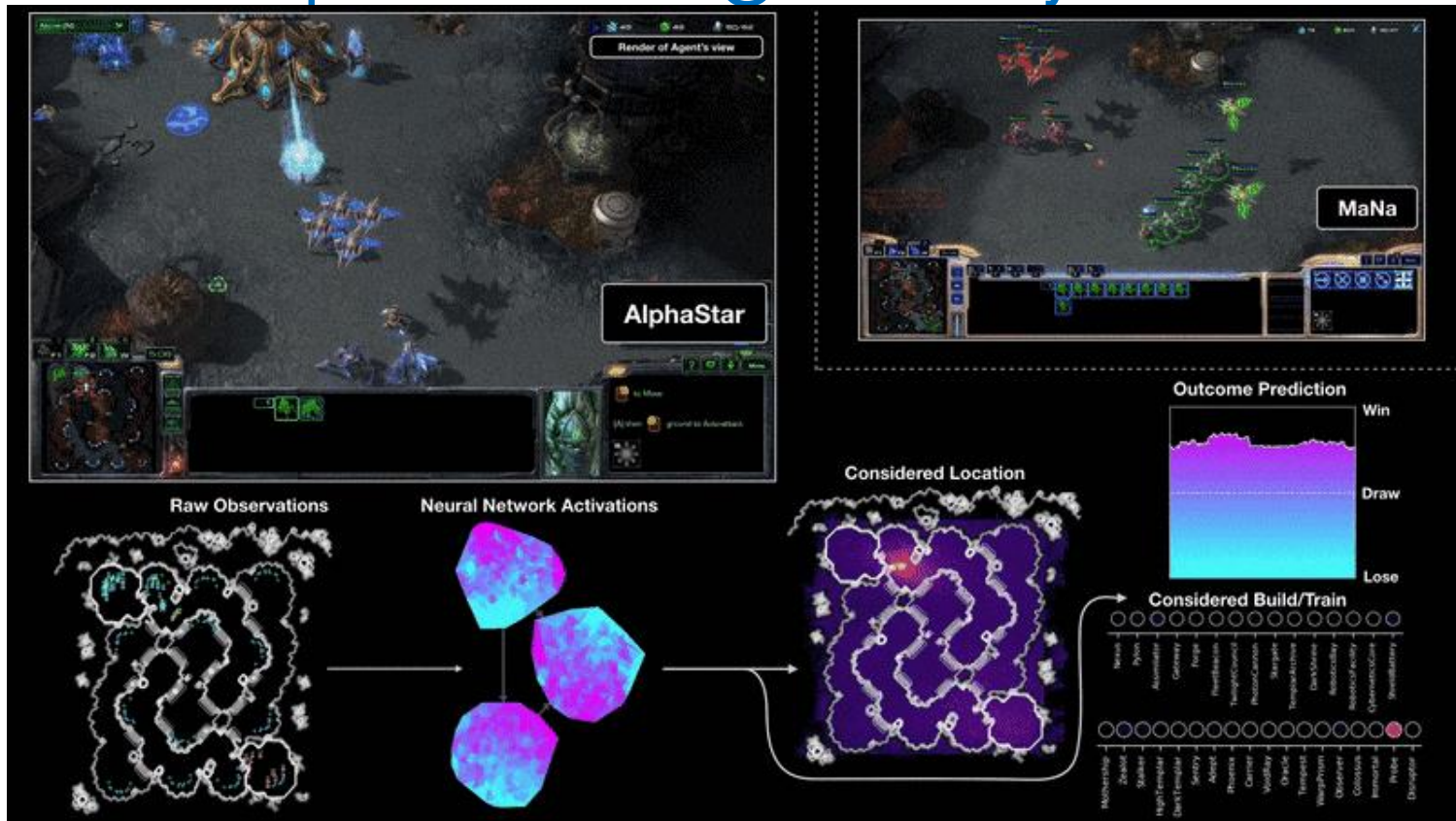


Emoticon suggestion



Machine translation

# Deep Learning Today



Alpha Star

# Deep Learning Today



Google LaMDA (Google IO'22)

# Deep Learning Today

- Large Language Models (LLMs), e.g., Chat-GPT



Tell me about deep learning and how I can teach it at TUM.



Deep learning is a subset of machine learning that involves training artificial neural networks to recognize patterns and make predictions or decisions based on input data. The term "deep" refers to the fact that these networks have many layers, which allows them to learn increasingly complex representations of the data as it moves through the network.



To teach deep learning at TUM, you could start with an introductory course that covers the basics of machine learning and neural networks. This could include topics such as:

1. Supervised learning: This involves training a model using labeled examples, so that it can make predictions on new, unseen data.
2. Unsupervised learning: This involves training a model to identify patterns in data without explicit labels.

# Deep Learning Today

TEXT DESCRIPTION

An astronaut   **Teddy bears**   A bowl of  
soup

mixing sparkling chemicals as mad  
scientists   **shopping for groceries**   working  
on new AI research

in the style of ukiyo-e   as a one-line  
drawing   in ancient Egypt



DALL-E 2



[Dall-E 2](#) Image generation from text

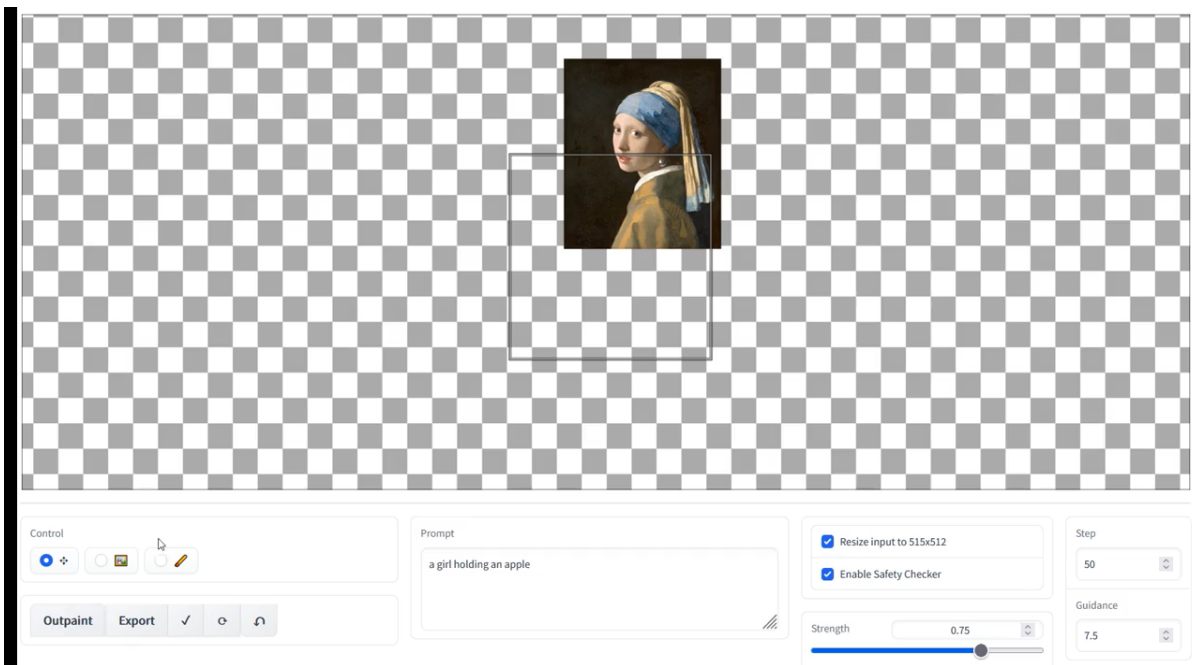
# Deep Learning Today

Darth Vader  
on a unicorn  
in Oxford



*Esser, Rombach, Ommer CVPR 2021   Rombach et al, CVPR 2022*

# Deep Learning Today



## StableDiffusion Image Outpainting

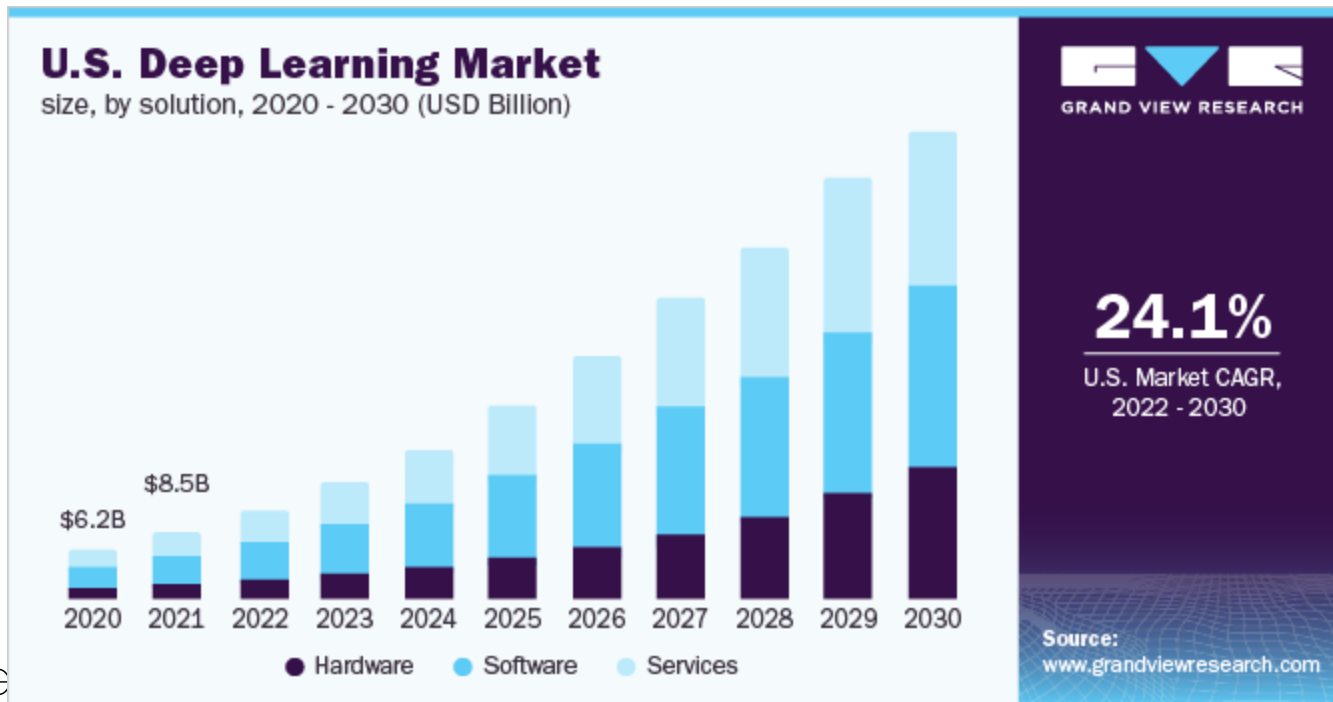
# Deep Learning Today



# Deep Learning Today



# Deep Learning Market



[...] market research  
market is expected to be worth USD 415 Billion by 2030.

# Deep Learning Job Perspective

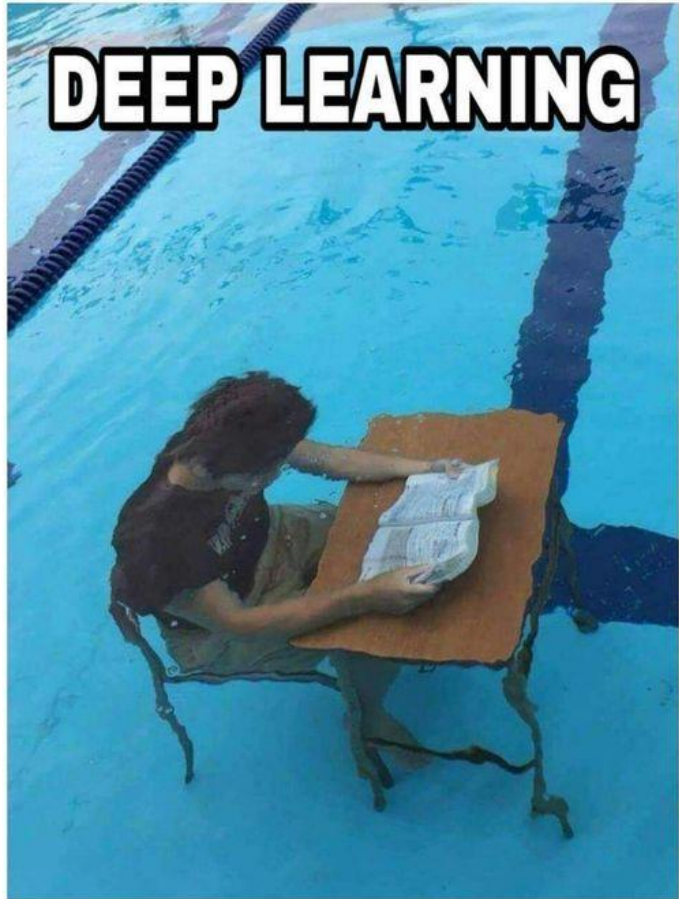
- Excellent Job Perspectives!
  - Automation requires ML/DL -> growth!
  - Top-notch companies will gladly hire you!
- Many industries now:
  - IT-Companies
  - Cars, Logistics, Health Care, etc...
  - Manufacturing / Robotics, etc...

# But: Also Challenging!

- High-level understanding is not enough
  - Need proper theory background
  - Need proper practical skillsets
- Can be competitive!
  - Many good people
  - Downloading scripts / running code not enough 😊
  - Deeper understanding often requires PhDs

# Deep Learning on the Internet

# Deep Learning Memes



# Deep Learning Memes

## Deep Learning



**What society thinks I do**



**What my friends think I do**



**What other computer scientists think I do**



**What mathematicians think I do**



**What I think I do**

```
from theano import *
```

**What I actually do**

# Deep Learning Memes



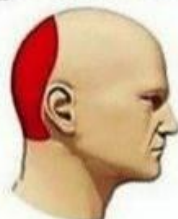
# Deep Learning Memes

## Types of Headaches

**Migraine**



**Hypertension**



**Stress**



**MATH BEHIND DL**



imgflip.com

# Deep Learning at TUM

# Many TUM Research Labs use DL

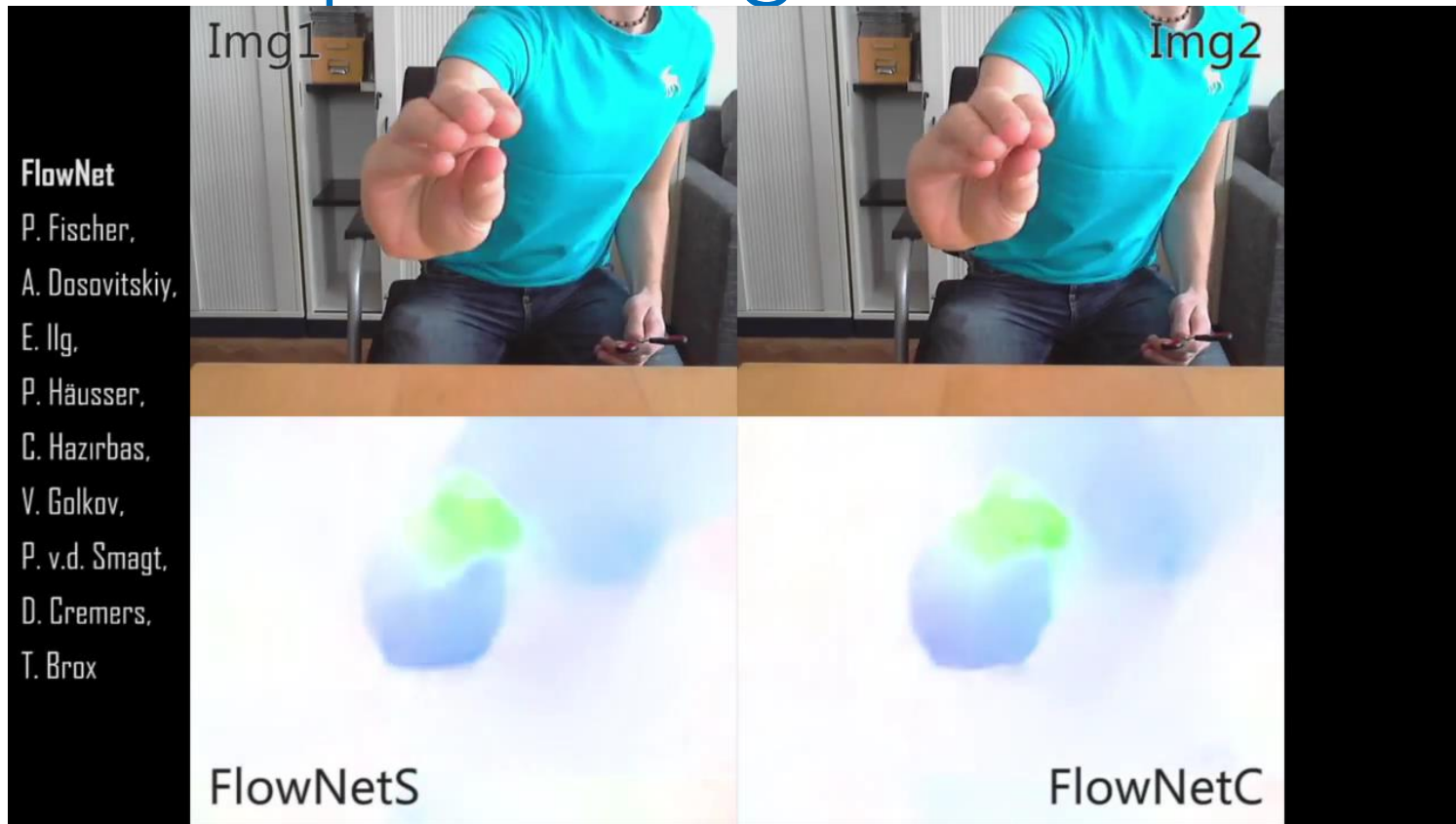
- Computer Vision Group (Prof. Cremers)
  - Research in computer vision, machine learning and robotics
- Visual Computing Lab (Prof. Niessner):
  - Research in computer vision, graphics, and machine learning
- 3D AI Lab (Prof. Dai)
  - Research in 3D perception, 3D scene understanding
- Data Mining and Analytics Lab (Prof. Günnemann)
  - Research methods for robust machine learning
- Computer Aided Medical Procedures (Prof. Navab)
  - Research in machine learning for medical applications
- And many more 😊

# Deep Learning at TUM



[Caelles et al., CVPR' 17] One-Shot Video Object Segmentation

# Deep Learning at TUM

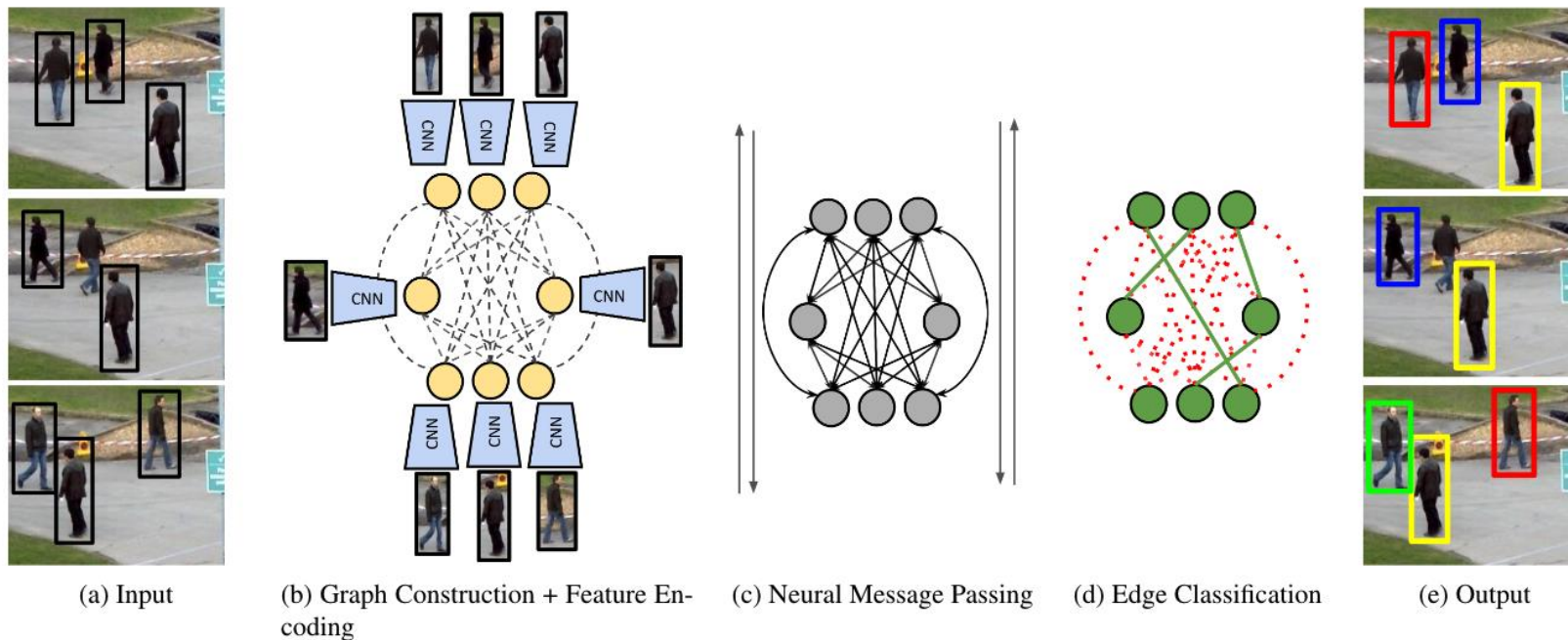


[Dosovitskiy et al., ICCV' 15] FlowNet

Introduction to Deep Learning

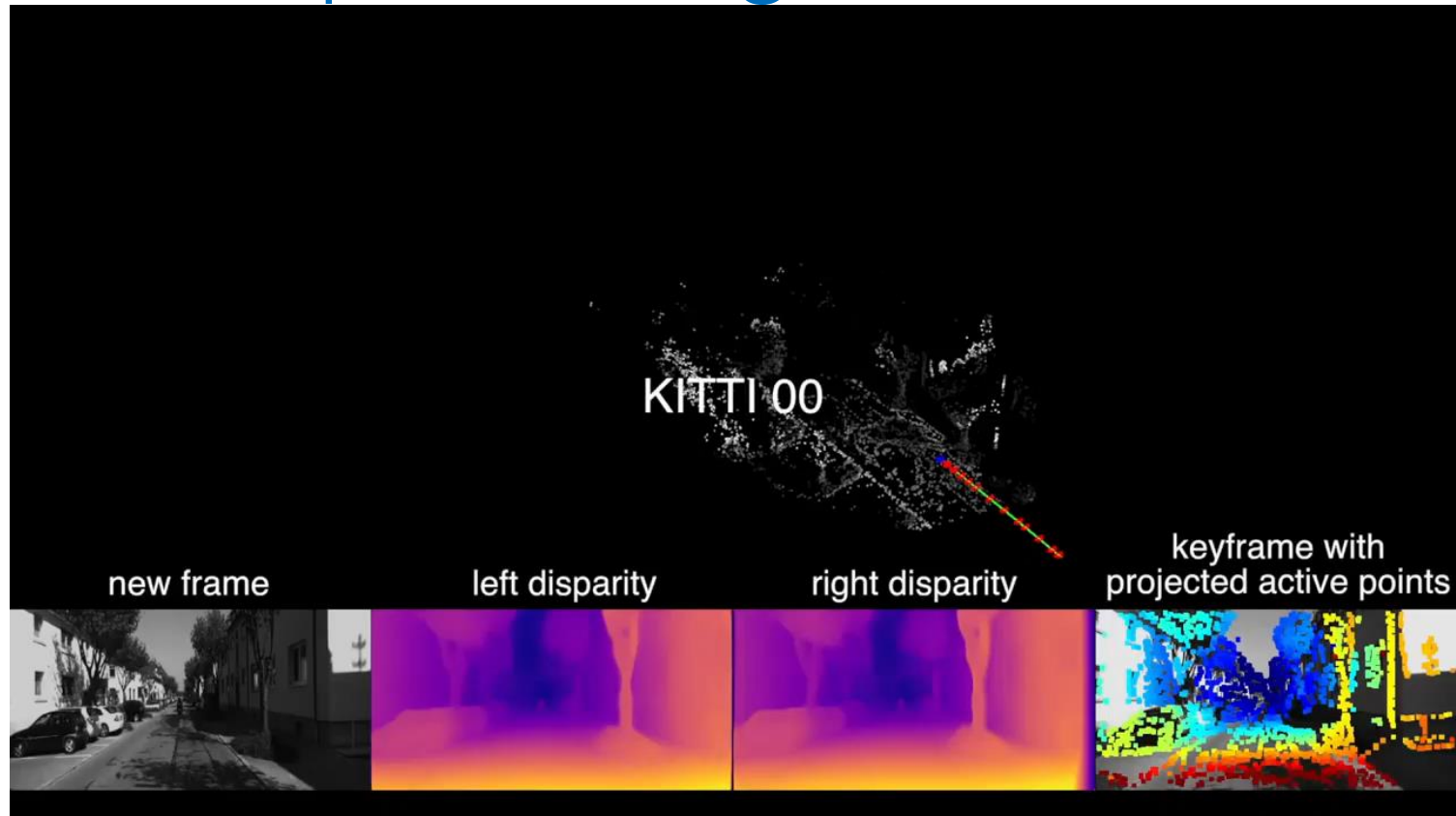
# Deep Learning at TUM

- Multiple object tracking with graph neural networks



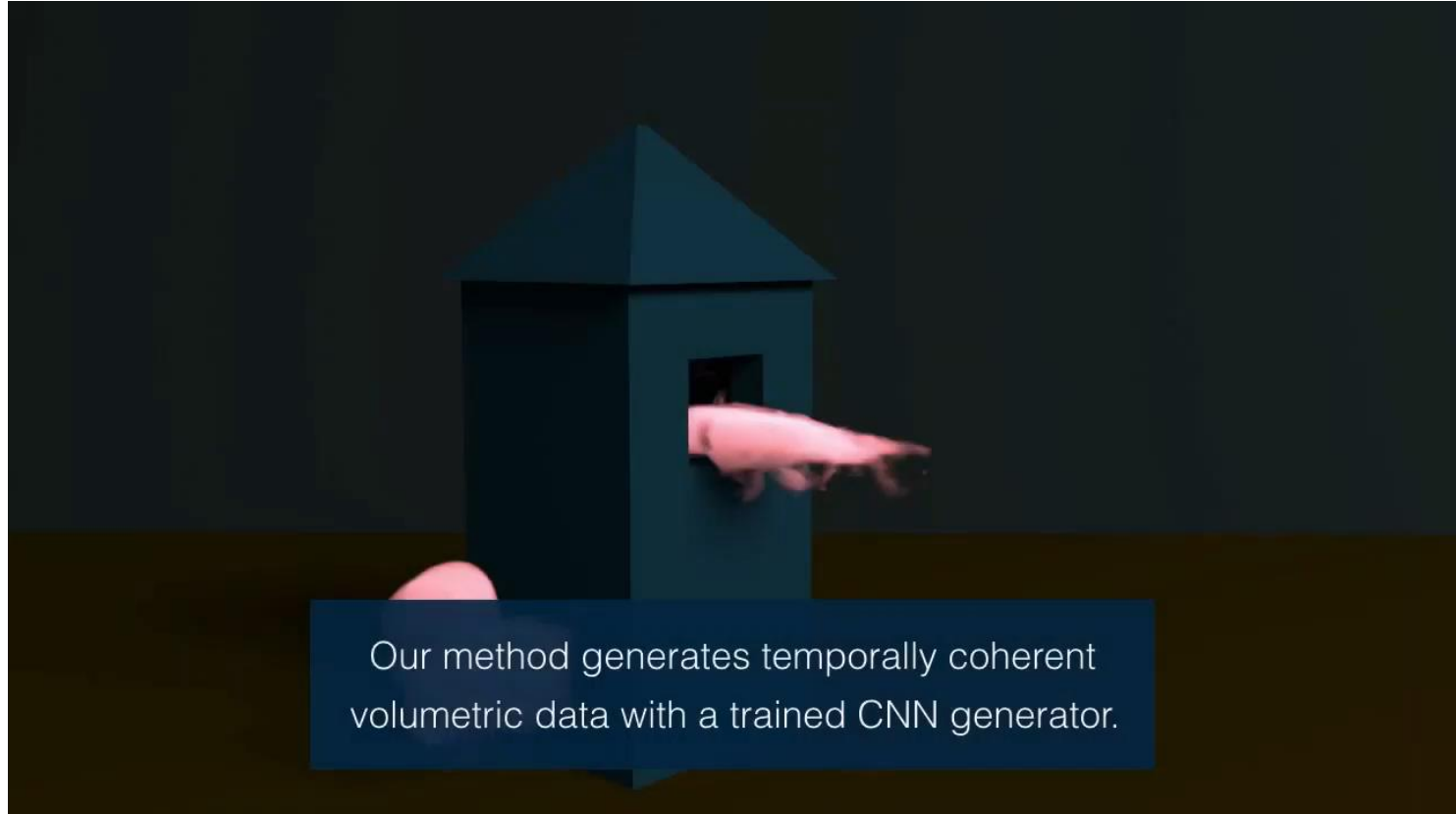
[Brasó and Leal-Taixé, CVPR 2020] Learning a Neural Solver for Multiple Object Tracking.

# Deep Learning at TUM



[Yang et al., ECCV' 18] Deep Virtual Stereo Odometry  
Introduction to Deep Learning

# Deep Learning at TUM



[Xie et al. Siggraph' 18] tempoGAN  
Introduction to Deep Learning

# Deep Learning at TUM

## Animation Synthesis



[Thies et al., Siggraph'19]: Neural Textures

Introduction to Deep Learning

# Deep Learning at TUM

## Animation Synthesis

Source Actor



Target  
UV-Map



Target  
Background



Output



[Thies et al., Siggraph'19]: Neural Textures

Introduction to Deep Learning

# Deep Learning at TUM



*Wimbauer et al., “MonoRec: Monocular Dense Reconstruction”, CVPR ‘21*

# Deep Learning at TUM



**Best Demo Award at 3DV 2021**

*Köstler et al., "TANDEM: Tracking and Dense Mapping", CoRL '21*

Introduction to Deep Learning

# Deep Learning at TUM

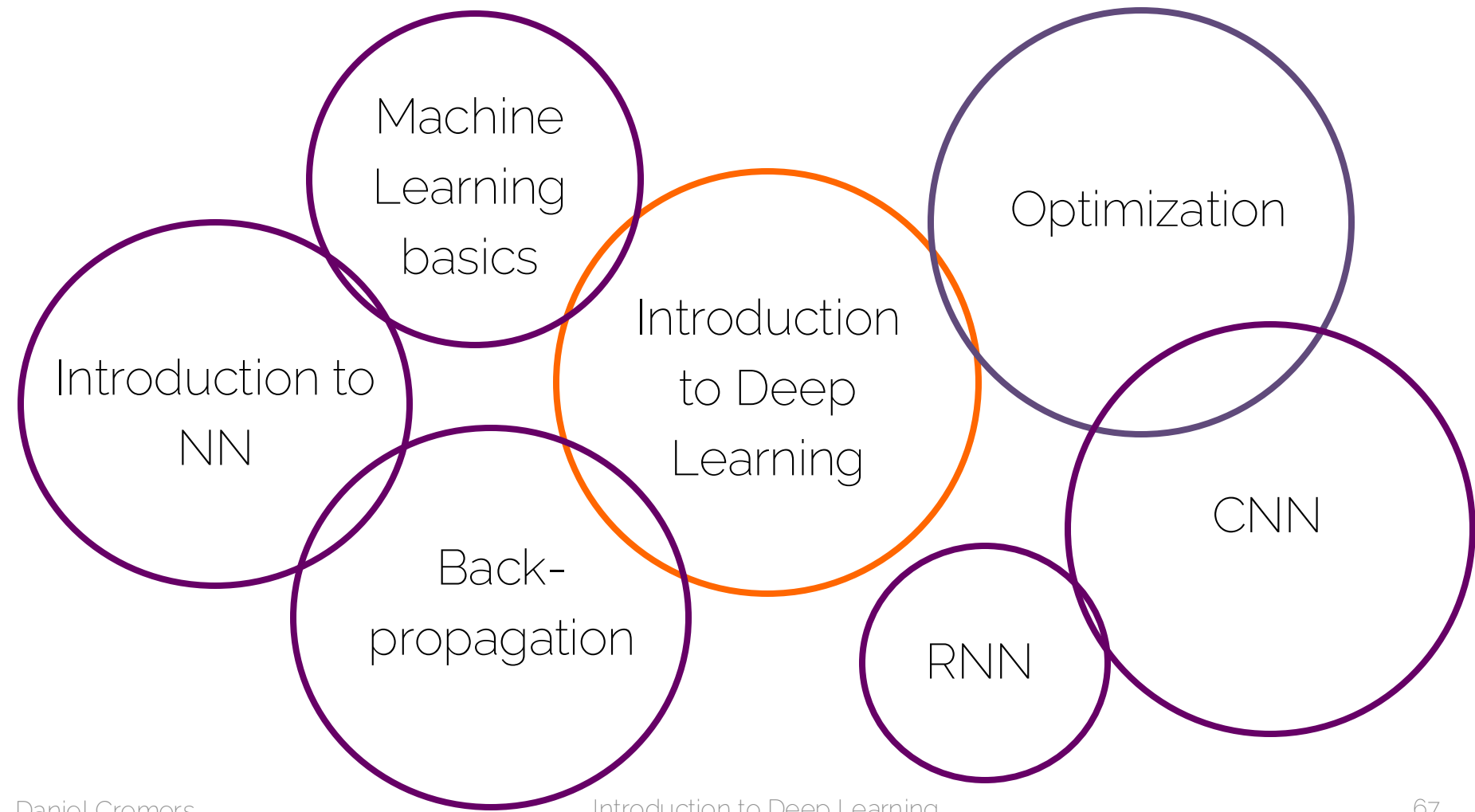


ScanNet Stats:

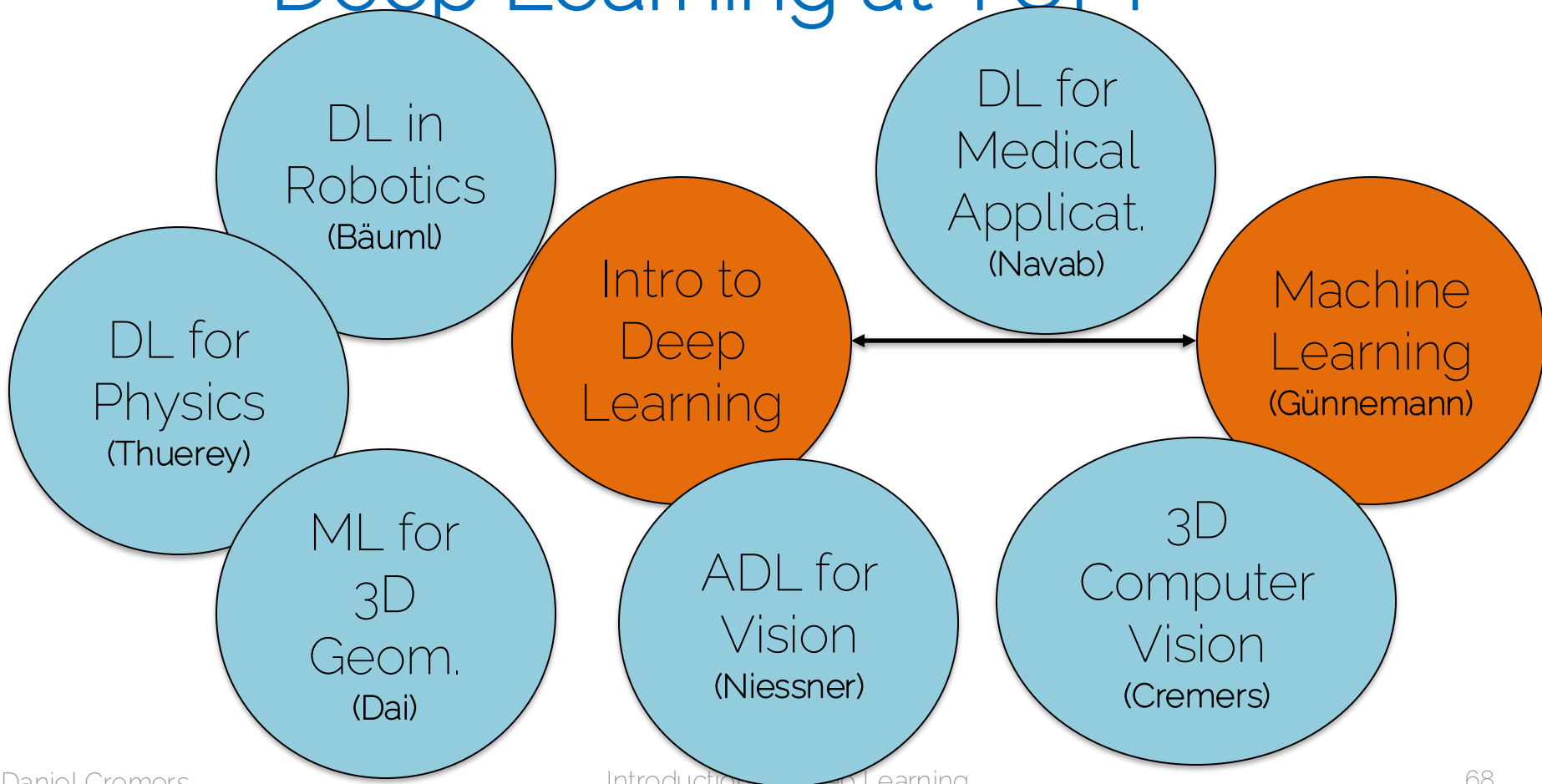
- Kinect-style RGB-D sensors
- 1513 scans of 3D environments
- 2.5 Mio RGB-D frames
- Dense 3D, crowd-source MTurk labels
- Annotations projected to 2D frames

[Dai et al., CVPR'17] ScanNet

# Relation to other Lectures at TUM



# Deep Learning at TUM



# Introduction to Deep Learning

## Logistics

# The Team

Lecturer



Prof. Dr. Daniel  
Cremers

TAs



Shenhan  
Qian



Jason  
Chui



Yan  
Xia

# Student Tutors



Julius  
Horsch



Oleg  
Magnes



Luca  
Fehling-Schuh



Subhan  
Kamilov



Benjamin  
Heltzel



Alexandra  
Samoylova



Yunxiang  
Lu

# About the Lecture

- Theory lectures (every Tuesday at 14:00)
  - In-person, live-streamed
- Tutorials and exercises (every Thursday at 10:00)
  - Tutorial: Online videos posted to Piazza and the webpage
  - Practical exercises
- Guest lecture!

# Preliminary Syllabus

- Lecture 1: Introduction to the lecture, Deep Learning, Machine Learning.
- Lecture 2: Machine Learning Basics, Linear regression, Maximum Likelihood
- Lecture 3: Introduction to Neural Networks, Computational Graphs
- Lecture 4: Optimization and Backpropagation
- Lecture 5: Scaling Optimization to large Data, Stochastic Gradient Descent
- Lecture 6: Training Neural Networks I
- Lecture 7: Training Neural Networks II
- Lecture 8: Training Neural Networks III
- Lecture 9: Introduction to CNNs
- Lecture 10: CNNs architectures;
- Lecture 11: Recurrent Neural Networks (RNNs)
- Lecture 12: Advanced Deep Learning architectures

# Moodle → Piazza



- Announcements via Piazza - IMPORTANT!
  - Sign up online for access: <http://piazza.com/tum.de>
    - Select “**Fall 2024**” term, search for IN2346
    - Use your @mytum.de email address
  - We will share common information (e.g., regarding exam)
- Forum
  - Ask and discuss questions
    - Tutors will monitor and answer questions
    - You are very welcome to actively participate
  - Please do not post solutions of the exercises
  - You can post private question visible only to the staff

## Home

Application Form 

TUM AI Lecture Series

Members +

Research Areas +

Publications

## Teaching

Winter Semester  
2024/25 -

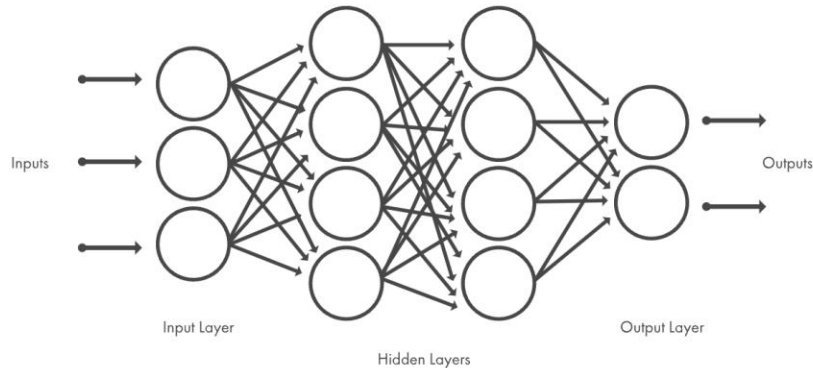
Computer Vision III:  
Detection, Segmentation  
and Tracking (IN2375)

## Introduction to Deep Learning (IN2346)

Master Seminar - Beyond  
Deep Learning (5 ECTS)

Master Seminar - Recent  
Advances in 4D

# Introduction to Deep Learning (IN2346)



## Informatik IX Computer Vision Group

Boltzmannstrasse 3  
85748 Garching  
info@vision.in.tum.de

Follow us on:

YouTube 

X / Twitter 

Facebook 

## News

03.07.2024  
We have seven papers accepted  
to ECCV 2024. Check our  
publication page for more details.

09.06.2024  
**GCPR / VMV 2024**

We are organizing GCPR /  
VMV 2024 this fall.

<https://cvg.cit.tum.de/teaching/ws2024/i2dl>

# Email

- Email list:

[i2dl@vision.in.tum.de](mailto:i2dl@vision.in.tum.de)

- Do NOT email us personally!
  - Cannot handle so many emails / hence will be ignored
- Email list for organizational questions only!
  - Content questions -> Piazza or Office Hours
  - Or post the question/issue in a private thread on Piazza

# (Virtual) Office Hours

- We will have dedicated office hours regarding
  - Theoretical help (e.g., specific lecture questions)
  - Help on exercises
- More info in the first tutorial session
- Zoom links will be posted on Piazza

# Exam FAQ

- Final Exam: TBA
- Content: Lecture & exercises
- Important: No retake exam (I2DL is taught every semester)
- Grade Bonus:
  - Solve 9 out of 10 “non-optional” programming exercises
  - Bonus 0.3 on a **passed** final exam
  - Bonus is transferable from previous and future semesters

# Other Administrative

- “External” students welcome (LMU, TUM PhD)
  - Fill out registration form and we will add you to the course
  - Will get Certificate / Schein at the end
- Again:
  - Check announcements on Piazza
  - Check content on website:  
<https://cvg.cit.tum.de/teaching/ws2024/i2dl>

See you next time 😊

# Upcoming Lecture

- Next Lecture: Lecture 2: Machine Learning basics
- Thursday: Tutorial 1 and Exercise 1